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BY W. N. HALDEMAN.
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LOUISVILLE DAILY COURIER.

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THE WEEKLY COURIER.
REDUCED RATES.
[illegible]

DAILY COURIER.

FRIDAY MORNING, . . . FEB. 21, 1868.

We regret to see that quite a bad state of feeling still exists in Indiana in regard to the recommendation of Pendleton by the late Democratic State Convention. It is asserted in private circles and through the press that those counties which have always given the heaviest Democratic majority, voted against the recommendation.

We also observe that there is much bitter feeling in the discussion of the question in Illinois, and that some twenty odd country papers have taken decided position against Pendleton. The papers have also very generally published a long letter from the distinguished Judge J. D. Catron, in which he declines the Democratic nomination for Governor, and in discussing political matters declares "that Pendleton's nomination will ruin the party."

The Democracy of these two States cannot afford to indulge in any such folly. They can only carry them by united and hearty action, and it is very unfortunate that any disturbing influences have been introduced to jeopard our success on which such momentous results depend. The danger and folly of becoming partisans of any particular candidate is very clearly shown by the irritated feeling in Indiana and Illinois.

Hon. B. C. Ritter passed through the city yesterday on his way to the Frankfort Convention. Mr. R. is now earnestly and heartily co-operating with the Democratic party as the only hope for the country. A contrary impression had been created by his letter published early January, but he never supposed such a construction as was put intended would be placed upon it. The path of duty was clear to him then as now, and he did not hesitate to follow it.

How to Save Fifty Per Cent.

Although the COURIER's advertising rates are fifty per cent. higher than those of any other paper in Kentucky, yet, when circulation—which is the only true standard of value for advertising—is considered, they are more than fifty per cent. cheaper, and our columns daily show that this fact is duly understood and appreciated by the shrewd advertisers of Louisville.

In a card, which will be found in its proper place, it will be seen that our old and esteemed fellow-citizen, Dr. J. W. Knight, puts the name of Charles J. Clarke, Esq., in nomination for Clerk of the Chancery Court. Years ago Mr. Clarke was Clerk of that court and performed its duties faithfully and acceptably. He is worthy of the position and no better man could be elected to it.

"All good Democrats" in this city and county were appointed delegates to the Democratic State Convention. All who go to Frankfort for the purpose of attending the convention by paying full fare going will be passed back on the certificate of the Secretary of the Convention without further charge.

The train will leave Frankfort for Louisville at 5:35 Saturday evening—by which hour the convention will probably have adjourned.

If the Democrats of the different ward clubs and the voters don't keep a sharp lookout, a certain interested clique will endeavor to secure the election of such school trustees as will introduce into our schools to the exclusion of our home-made books the series of a Yankee concern which were rejected by the Board last year. The matter should be watched, and any such trickery promptly suppressed.

The letter of "Sidney," which will be found in another column, has, as its date indicates, been on hand for some time. As Mr. Vallandigham has been so violently and unjustly attacked in some papers outside of his own State recently, it is due to him that the views of one of the ablest and purest and truest men in Kentucky should be made public.

Hon. John Young Brown's Speech.

We received by last night's mail, and publish in the COURIER this morning, the able speech of this distinguished gentleman, in defense of his claims to a seat in Congress, of which he has been deprived by Radical-Jacobin malignity and deviltry.

Quite a number of delegates to the Democratic State Convention from the southern and western portions of the State passed through the city yesterday, on their way to Frankfort. Among them was Col. John C. Noble, the able and slashing editor of the Paducah Herald.

We will publish to-morrow the speeches of Messrs. Field, Winchester, Baker, and Pfister, on the death of Helm; and two or three columns of discussions in the Senate, which have been crowded out by Mr. Brown's speech.

The circulation of the COURIER is now more than three times the circulation of any other paper in Kentucky, and it continues to increase with a steadiness and rapidity as gratifying as it is surprising even to us.

Court in Bankruptcy at Frankfort.

Thomas M. Eginton, Esq., Register, will hold "Court in Bankruptcy" at Frankfort on the 26th and 27th days of this month.

The police bill passed the House of Representatives yesterday, without opposition, and now only requires the signature of the Governor to make it a law.

Several columns of matter in type are unavoidably crowded out this morning, and among others, an admirable letter from Miss Agnes Leonard.

Assault on Mayor Tomppert.

Quite an excitement was occasioned yesterday afternoon at about 4 o'clock by an assault made on Mayor Tomppert by Policeman Harry Kirby. The particulars of the affair, as gleaned from the statements of the parties who were present, are as follows:

Mayor Tomppert and Dr. George Stealey, our City Engineer, went into the St. Nicholas saloon, on the corner of Fifth street and Court Place. They had been waited upon and were conversing at the counter of the bar, when Policeman Harry Kirby entered. He at once asked Mayor Tomppert why he had discharged him from the police? The Mayor made some evasive answer, which was not understood by Dr. George Stealey or the bar-keeper, when Officer Kirby struck him with his fist in the mouth, knocking him down. In falling the Mayor's head struck the floor with great force, producing concussion of the brain, which rendered him insensible for some five minutes. Dr. Forsyth was summoned, and after administering the proper remedies, Mayor Tomppert was taken to his home. His lip was slightly cut by the blow, but it is thought by his physician that he will be able to be up and out this morning.

Mr. Kirby gave himself in custody of an officer, and was taken before Justices Matlock and Clement, who, after hearing the facts, held him in $1,000 bond to answer before the City Court this morning. The affair gave rise to much discussion, in which Mr. Kirby was severely censured. It is known to the public that he was recently discharged from the police force by Mayor Tomppert, who acted under advice of the City Council. This led to an ill feeling between them, and while smarting under what he believed to be a great wrong, Kirby was led in an evil moment and while laboring under excitement, to commit an act wholly inexcusable, and which cannot but bring public censure upon him.

A Singular Visitor.

About 5 o'clock last evening the handsome store of the new firm of Race, Mayer & Neal, at the corner of Fourth and Jefferson, was honored by the presence of a visitor which, for a few minutes, created quite a commotion, not to say consternation, among the numerous purchasers in the establishment at the time. The animal made the round of the store two or three times and the people lost no time in getting out of its way, as it showed fight most decidedly. Finally it was cornered and killed by Mr. Neal, and upon examination it proved to be a year old muskrat, in fine condition and with the softest fur imaginable. Where it came from cannot be divined, but it probably made its egress from some one of the city sewers. Mr. Neal designs to have the skin stuffed.

ORPHANS' FAIR.—The large hall of Masonic Temple was again crowded last night, and from what we could learn, everybody had a glorious time, while the ladies fairly surpassed themselves in merry-making. It is a good cure for the "blues" these dull times to drop into the gorgeous hall and pass a happy hour. If we were a candidate for office we would invest our money right there. He who takes no chance stands no chance.

CONTESTED ELECTION.

SPEECH OF HON. J. YOUNG BROWN, Of Kentucky.

In the House Representatives, February, 13, 1868.

The House having under consideration the report of the Committee on Elections in the contested election case of Smith vs. Brown, from the Second Congressional District of Kentucky—

Mr. Brown (contestant) said:

Mr. Speaker: I thank the House for the courtesy which has been extended to me on this occasion, and if there shall be any want of compactness and method in the thoughts and facts which I shall submit I plead, as my apology, lack of sufficient time for preparation. I have just reached the capital from my home in Kentucky. I came at the urgent request of my colleagues. I was here in July and again in December, and the Committee of Elections failing to report in my case I returned to my home to resume the [illegible] of my profession, leaving to others the discussion of my right of admission as a member on this floor. Added to diffidence and distrust of my ability I feel a [illegible] reluctance in appearing [illegible] in my own case—a peculiar one—involving, as it does, the right of my constituency to representation upon the floor [illegible] rights as a citizen and also affecting my personal honor. I was willing [illegible] to confide my vindication to friends, and to such as have spoken in my behalf, or, I should rather say, in vindication of a great principle. I return my thanks and the thanks of my people for the zeal and ability which have distinguished their efforts. So full and exhaustive have been their arguments that nothing is left for me to say without a repetition of what you have heard. I said the case involved a principle [illegible] sacred, precious right, the right of a State in this Union, paying taxes, to be represented in the Halls of the National Legislature. That right in our system of government is the keystone that gives strength to the arch. Deny it, and the citizen sees the uncorked [illegible] that gives luster to the group torn from the tiara of his liberties. The rights of the people without it are a fable, a myth, a mockery. Our ancestors placed an unspeakable value upon it. They watchfully guarded and jealously loved it, for they won it by an incalculable cost of the brain-sweat and brow-sweat and heart-sweat of patriots. They enshrined it in the Constitution, there to remain inviolable for all time to come.

Mr. Speaker, I am here claiming my seat in the Fortieth Congress of the United States. I come commissioned and accredited by a certificate of election signed by the Governor of my State. I possess the qualifications required by the Constitution of the United States. I am twenty-five years of age. I have been more than seven years a citizen of the United States, being native born, and I was a resident of the State of Kentucky at the time of my election. Beyond these qualifications, in my judgment, this House has not the right to inquire; to them it has no power to add.

Then here I enter, in the name of my constituency, my solemn protest against the proceedings which have been instituted against me, as being without warrant in the Constitution. I claim that you cannot qualify my right of admission by other conditions than those prescribed in that instrument. But I do not propose to argue that question. It has already been presented with signal ability by my colleagues.

I stand here asking my seat, not only ready to take the oath prescribed by the Constitution, but also ready and willing to take the additional oath prescribed in the statute of 1862. When I offered myself as a candidate in my district for Congress I did so with the consciousness that I had the legal qualifications of a member, constitutional and statutory. A convention in my district was held, and to its decision were submitted the names of various gentlemen, three of whom have done honorable service in this body, and other names of distinction in Kentucky. I received the nomination. I had two competitors, the contestant here and another.

The election took place, and my majority over the contestant was over six thousand votes, and my majority over the other candidate approached eight thousand votes. I came here in July with my colleagues. My case and all the other cases from my State, save one, were referred to the Committee of Elections. I returned here in December. The committee failed to report, as I have said, I returned home to resume the business of my profession. I am here again, and confronted by the adverse report of the Committee of Elections, denying me my right to be admitted upon the ground of my disloyalty, that alleged disloyalty being based upon no act that I have ever done, upon no direct aid that I have ever given the enemies of my country, but upon a letter written by me upon the 18th of April, 1861.

Now, what were my surroundings when that letter was written? What were my personal political antecedents? What was the attitude and what was the feeling of my State in March 1861, when I returned from these Halls to my constituency, what was my political status? From one end of my district to the other my voice was raised in behalf of peace, imploring all those with whom I had any influence not to rush madly into arms.

What was the position of the Union party in Kentucky, with which I was identified? Upon the 8th of the January preceding, at one of the largest Union conventions ever held in the State of Kentucky, a resolution was passed, which I hold in my hands, and which was indorsed by the leading spirits of the State—men whose names are historic. They resolved that "a Union held together by the sword was not worth preserving."

Upon the 15th of April there issued the call of Mr. Lincoln upon the Governor of Kentucky for four regiments of militia. The Governor of Kentucky responded that he would send no troops. Did the Union party approbate that action or not? I hold in my hand the address of the Union central committee, to which I invite the careful attention of this House. It was issued on the 17th of April, 1861. Who signed that address? No unknown or uninfluential men. But there is appended to it the name of a gentleman who was afterward in Mr. Lincoln's Cabinet, the names of two gentlemen, distinguished then and distinguished since as the leading Union editors of the State; and what do they say:

"The Government of the Union has appealed to her (Kentucky) to furnish men to suppress the revolutionary combinations in the cotton States. She has refused. She has most wisely and justly refused. Seditious leaders in our midst now appeal to her to furnish men to uphold those combinations against the Government and the Union. Will she comply with this appeal? Ought she to comply with it? We answer, with emphasis, no. * * *

"The present duty of Kentucky is to maintain her present independent position, taking sides not with the Government and not with the seceding States, but with the Union against them both, declaring her soil to be sacred from the hostile tread of either, and, if necessary, make the declaration good with her strong right arm. * * * * "What the future duty of Kentucky may be, we of course cannot with certainty foresee, but if the enterprise announced in the proclamation of the President should at any time hereafter assume the aspect of a war for the overthrow and subjugation of the seceding States, through the full assertion therein of the national jurisdiction by a standing military force, we do not hesitate to say that Kentucky should promptly unsheathe her sword in behalf of what will have then become her common cause."

Who said this? John H. Harney, the distinguished editor of the Louisville Democrat, George D. Prentice, the distinguished editor of the Louisville Journal, Charles Ripley, Nathaniel Wolfe, Judge Bullock, James Speed, afterward in Mr. Lincoln's Cabinet, and a number of other distinguished Union leaders of my State.

It was upon the 17th of April, 1861, when these men declared that "if the enterprise announced in the proclamation of the President should at any time hereafter assume the aspect of a war for the overthrow and subjugation of the seceding States, Kentucky should promptly unsheathe her sword in behalf of what will then have become her common cause." Upon the 18th of April a Union convention was held in the city of Louisville, the largest Union convention ever held in that city, or, perhaps, in the State of Kentucky. I invite attention to an account of the proceedings of that convention, as published in the Louisville Democrat of the succeeding day:

Great Meeting—Kentucky to Stand Neutral in the Union—Hands off on Both Sides—Five Thousand Union Men Present—Speeches by Hon. James Guthrie, Ex-Senator Dixon, Hon. John Young Brown, and Judge Bullock—Resolutions Worthy of Kentucky.

"One of the grandest and largest public meetings ever held in Louisville filled the great east hall of the court-house last night, in response to a call for a sober expression as to the proper position for Kentucky, to assume in the present crisis. It was a splendid meeting, both as regards numbers and material. It was a close, attentive and understanding assemblage of the best intelligence of the city, and its effect must be wise and wholesome. If the warring sections will but respect Kentucky's position and her advice all may yet be well, civil war averted, and peace restored. We were more than gratified with the meeting and its works. The Stars and Stripes were on both sides of the speaker's stand and were frequently cheered as allusions to the National banner were made."

My connection here is based upon a letter dated April 18, 1861. I will read that letter:

ELIZABETHTOWN, April 18, 1861.

To the Editor of the Louisville Courier:

My attention has been called to the following paragraph which appeared in your paper of this date:

"JOHN YOUNG BROWN'S POSITION.—This gentleman, in reply to some sarcastic interrogatories put to him by Professor Helm, said, in reference to the call of the President for four regiments of volunteers to march against the South:

"'I would not send one solitary man to aid that Government, and those who volunteer should be shot down in their tracks.'"

This ambiguous report of my remarks has, I find, been misunderstood by some who have [illegible] it, who construe my language to apply to the government of the Confederate States. What I did say was this:

"Not one man or one dollar will Kentucky furnish Lincoln to aid him in his unholy war against the South. If this Northern Army shall attempt to cross our borders we will resist it unto death; and if one man should be found in our midst so monstrous to volunteer, I [illegible] and I believe will be, shot down before he leaves the State."

This was not said in reply to any question propounded by ex-Governor Helm, as you have stated, and no more than I [illegible] publicly and privately pressed to my debates with him. Respectfully,

JOHN YOUNG BROWN.

I claim, Mr. Speaker, that at the time I wrote that letter I was for Kentucky [illegible]

[illegible]

in which my State had been placed by the solemn resolves of two of her conventions, by the solemn resolve of her State Legislature, by the address of the Union Central Committee. It was to that doctrine that I was pledged, and it was in behalf of that position that I was laboring.

But the committee, in arguing upon my letter, state that it was not for neutrality, that my language was applied to the Northern army, and that I said nothing about the Confederate army. That letter was written upon the morning of the 18th of April. On that very day was held the meeting in the city of Louisville to which I have just referred, the attention of which was addressed by Hon. James Guthrie, General Rousseau, Governor Dixon, Judge Bullock and others.

Most diligent inquiry has been made in Kentucky with regard to my antecedents. A searching investigation has been made of every act and every word of mine from the inception of the war to its close. [illegible] There is no other proof against me. There is no other proof against me. By it alone am I to be judged.

How am I to be judged? In the light of [illegible] with regard to this address, in which I have invited your attention, of the Union central committee and the [illegible] "the speedy [illegible] and [illegible] of the seceding States" they would have Kentucky make common cause with the seceding States. In the same meeting addressed by the leading Union spirits of Kentucky Mr. Guthrie spoke, and he said:

[illegible]

Who ever doubted the loyalty of Senator Guthrie here, in Kentucky, or in the Union? Now, take up my letter and contrast its utterance with his. Can you, with metaphysical scissors, cut a line of difference or distinction between the two?

I was going on to the account of this meeting, it says I addressed it. After speaking in complimentary terms, too complimentary for me to read in this presence, at the close it says Mr. Brown—

"[illegible] urged the neutrality of Kentucky in [illegible] as the best and most practicable position for Kentucky to maintain her integrity to the Union and to mediate between the antagonistic sections.

"The meeting, which was entirely orderly adjourned after giving rounds of cheers for the Union and for the American flag."

The gentleman from Massachusetts, [Mr. Dawes,] the honorable chairman of the Committee on Elections, in commenting on this speech of mine, read its expressions, but with the shrewdness of an advocate omitted that part of it which stated the stand from which I spoke was draped with the American flag, and that the meeting which I addressed adjourned with cheers for the Union and for the American flag. Now, what were the resolutions passed by that meeting?

4. That we are in a remedy for no evils, real or imaginary, but an aggravation and complication of existing difficulties.

5. That the memories of the past, the interests of the present, and the solemn convictions of the future duty and usefulness in the hope of mediation, prevent Kentucky from taking part with the seceding States against the General Government.

6. That "the present duty of Kentucky is to maintain her present independent position, taking sides, not with the Administration nor with the seceding States, but with the Union against them both, declaring her soil to be sacred from the hostile tread of either, and, if necessary, to make the declaration good with her strong right arm."

7. That to the end Kentucky may be fully prepared for any emergency, [illegible]

8. That we look to the young men of the Kentucky State Guard as the bulwarks of the safety of our commonwealth, and that we conjure them to remember that they are pledged equally to fidelity to the United States and Kentucky.

Such were the resolutions, such were the speeches, made at this convention.

The position Kentucky assumed has been denounced upon this floor. Neutrality has been called treason, but before you too hurriedly judge her remember the position she occupied, remember her surroundings, remember the elements that made up her population; remember her proximity to the States, sister States, which had seceded, and remember that this position was taken at the instance and with the approbation of all her leading Union spirits, including John J. Crittenden, and that Lincoln himself respected and recognized it. We find here, in a letter from Mr. Underwood, that—

"In reference to Kentucky, Mr. Lincoln told me he hoped Kentucky would remain by the Government [illegible]"

That was on the 1st day of May, 1861, nearly one month after writing that letter which is the groundwork for the charge upon which I am to be excluded. I announced myself in my district as a candidate for re-election to Congress. With what party did I then stand identified? By what party was I supported? With whom did I politically affiliate? I hold in my hand the endorsement of the Louisville Democrat, and the Louisville Journal of that card of announcement for re-election. The card reads as follows:

"TO THE VOTERS OF THE FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT:

"ELIZABETHTOWN, May 10, 1861.

[illegible]

"Kentucky's present position should be maintained."

What was that position? It was a position of impartial neutrality.

[illegible]

The Louisville Journal, speaking in complimentary terms of me, concludes the article as follows:

"There are other noble Union spirits in the Fifth Congressional District, but we have no doubt that our friends in that district will, by common consent, hail John Young Brown as their champion in the Congressional canvass."

The Louisville Democrat speaks of me in this language:

[illegible]

Now, it is charged that this letter of 18th April of mine gave aid, countenance, counsel and encouragement to those engaged in armed hostility to the Government. It was not till the 13th day of May that the Southern States were [illegible] It was not till the 15th day of April that a call was made upon Kentucky, not for volunteers, but for four regiments of militia. It is charged that my letter encouraged men to go into the Confederate ranks and discouraged men from joining the Federal army. If I am to be judged by the earnest and incautious utterances of that letter, did I not stand with the Union party in my State? Did I not stand with the Union Legislature? Did I not stand with Crittenden, with Guthrie, with Speed, with Dixon, and with the whole host of leaders of the Union party? If you judge me by that letter did not the leading Union points of New York say, "Let the erring sisters go in peace?" Did they not go so far as even to admit the right of the States to separate themselves from the General Government? But, sir, both before the writing of that letter and after the writing of it I stood identified with the Union party of my State, and it was [illegible]

[illegible]

Can you say of my letter that it was [illegible] intended and designed to forward the cause of the rebellion, that it encouraged enlistment in the Confederate army, when upon the very day it was written, as I have shown, in the presence of five thousand people, side by side with the distinguished gentlemen I have named, I addressed a Union meeting and spoke in support of the resolutions that have been read in your hearing in favor of the impartial neutrality of Kentucky? It was an anomalous position that the State assumed; it was a illogical position for the State to take, but at that time a political necessity, and was so recognized by all the parties of that commonwealth.

What is the proof [illegible] Hon. Robert Mallory, who was my colleague in the Thirty-sixth Congress was examined by the committee and testified as follows:

"I live in Lagrange, Kentucky. I have known Mr. Brown a good many years [illegible]

[illegible]

LEGISLATIVE DISCUSSIONS.

[illegible]

Remarks of Judge Phister on the Resolution to Purchase of Mr. Wm. N. Robb, of Scott County, the Original Portrait of Thomas Jefferson.

FRANKFORT, Feb. 17, 1868.

MR. PHISTER, of Mason—Mr. Speaker, having had the honor to move this resolution, I propose to give the House some information as I have in my possession, [illegible]

[illegible]

ANDERSON, KY., Feb. 5, 1868.

Mr. W. N. Robb, Frankfort, Ky.

[illegible]

DANIEL D. McCULLOUGH.

[illegible]

Discussion on the Substitute for the Bill Moving an Appropriation of $75,000 for Removing Obstructions from Licking River.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, Feb. 19, 1868.

MR. LEE, of [illegible]—Mr. Speaker: In my [illegible]

[illegible]

PEQUOD, JR.

His Complaints of Louisville.

[illegible]

[illegible]

MR. BROWNE, of Washington—Mr. Speaker: [illegible]

[illegible]

THE SPEAKER—The gentleman's [illegible]

[illegible]

MR. FIELDS, of Nicholas—Mr. Speaker: I hope I shall be able to remove some of the objections offered by the gentleman from Bourbon. He says he is friendly to the bill, and I cannot see why he should not be friendly, for I know of no county in the State that is more interested in this matter than the county of Bourbon. Now, sir, in relation to the appointment of these commissioners, [illegible]

[illegible]

MR. JEFFERSON, of Louisville—Mr. Speaker, I have been delighted in hearing the very eloquent speech of my friend from Nicholas [Mr. Parker] who so earnestly advocates this bill. [illegible]

[illegible]

MR. KENDALL, of Morgan—Mr. Speaker, this bill has perhaps consumed as much time as should be consumed by the House in discussing its merits and demerits. But, sir, it is my misfortune to live in one of the counties included in those bordering on the Licking river. [illegible]

[illegible]

MR. DODDS, of Calloway—Mr. Speaker, I have not got up to make a speech, [illegible]

[illegible]

MR. PHISTER, of Mason—With the gentleman's permission I will make an explanation. [illegible]

[illegible]

in that river, and now they ask $75,000 to remove them from the river.

MR. BENNETT, of Simpson—Mr. Speaker, I have no disposition to consume the time of the House in discussing the bill under consideration—for much time has already been devoted to that purpose by those gentlemen, who have so ably and eloquently advocated it upon the one hand, and those who have opposed it upon the other hand. But, sir, I consider this bill fraught with more evil and mischief than can be perceived by a hasty and careless consideration. I regard the measure as a mousing step in that dangerous path that leads to the ruinous policy of internal improvement by State aid. The bill by its provisions appropriates the sum of $75,000 for the purpose of removing the obstructions in Licking river, and to improve its navigation. I may be possible that this sum will be inadequate to accomplish the purposes contemplated, and if the amount thus appropriated should be insufficient, the friends of the enterprise at our next session will appeal to us to appropriate an additional sum, and will urge the fact as a powerful argument, that unless an additional sum is appropriated, that this appropriation will have been uselessly made and wasted, and by this appropriation we will be committed to the policy of State aid. Now, sir, what would be the practical workings of the policy. If we appropriate money to improve this stream, then, to be consistent and just, we must appropriate money to improve every stream in Kentucky. We could not stop there. The friends of the different railroads under process of construction and contemplated would ask aid, and we could not deny any of them without stultifying ourselves, and the result would be that the State, now so prosperous, and nearly free of debt would be bankrupt, and her credit ruined. Sir, I am unalterably opposed to the system of internal improvement at the expense of the State. It is unjust to the people. You cannot so carry out the system as to distribute the benefits and blessings as generally and uniformly as the burdens incurred in constructing the improvements. Some counties have already taxed themselves to build their roads without ever having received any aid from the State. They have already all the facilities for transportation and travel that they want. Now, sir, would it not be unjust to tax these counties and communities to construct railroads or clean out rivers in remote parts of the State, and over which they neither transport nor travel. The only successful plan for internal improvement is for each local community to construct its own roads and improve their own rivers, and not the other counties and communities who derive no benefit, and who enjoy no accommodations from their use. Each community will make these improvements, as their necessities and convenience require, and more especially if they promise to be profitable. Now, sir, it is urged as an argument by the friends of the measure that the river penetrates a country of great mineral wealth, that by improving the river it would lead to the development of this hidden wealth. Sir, that argument might be applied to every contemplated railroad in the State. The Elizabethtown and Paducah Railroad, under that plea, could demand an appropriation, for it penetrates a country of great mineral wealth.

I am opposed to this bill, because it commits us to a policy that would prove disastrous to our financial prosperity—whenever and wherever it has been tried it has resulted in ruin. Look at the State of Tennessee. She adopted it and it resulted in the building of unprofitable roads, and now they have to be sold; and the bonds of the State, on account of her financial embarrassment, produced by this ill-fated system, are only worth 50 cents to the dollar; and if you inaugurate it here in Kentucky, you will soon see roads constructed in sections where the wants and convenience of the people do not require them. One section of the State will combine with another, and aid in procuring the construction of roads, in consideration that it will get a like favor. Such would be the result of the system.

ROBBERY OF $130,000 IN BONDS.

A Mysterious Story.

A mysterious case has just turned up in New Albany, which is very well told by the Commercial of that place. On Friday night last, a man named Walter Jeffers, who was formerly Captain of the steamer Prairie Rose, visited that place, and it was at once noticeable that his conduct was not only strange, but he told a very remarkable and mysterious story to the not over credulous denizens of the city.

The story told by Jeffers was as follows: He stated that on the night of January 2, 1868, the office of the New Orleans and Jackson railroad at New Orleans, was broken open by a burglar named Victor B. Thompson, the keys of the safe taken from a drawer where they were concealed, a watchman being overpowered, gagged, tied and compelled to show the burglar where the keys were kept, the safe unlocked, and one hundred thousand dollars in Government bonds and thirty thousand dollars in the bonds of the railroad company taken.

On the morning of January 3d the thief and a supposed confederate left New Orleans, and went to Mobile, and there seem to have remained for a couple of weeks. Captain Jeffers says the railroad company, upon the advice of the independent detective force of New Orleans, whose services to ferret out the robbers had been engaged, kept the robbery a profound secret, and at once offered a reward of $20,000 for the arrest of the robbers.

Being a member of the detective force, Captain Jeffers stated that he had been designated to make pursuit of the robbers. He accordingly left New Orleans on the 3d day of February and went to Mobile. Here, he says, he soon got upon Thompson's track, but he found that the robber had left some two weeks before his arrival, going in the direction of Columbus, Mississippi. To Columbus Jeffers followed, and there heard again of this man, but he had left some days previous, and so Jeffers followed on to Corinth, Miss., where the thief was reported to have arrived on the 10th of January. But the bird had again flown, evidently traveling rapidly.

Captain Jeffers says that from Corinth he followed the trail of the robber to Decatur, Alabama, thence to Nashville, and thence to Louisville, where he arrived on Friday last, on the morning train. Being satisfied, as he said, that Thompson was either in Louisville or New Albany, he came to this city where he took counsel with Marshal Akers, to whom he related the story we are here relating.

While in New Albany Captain Jeffers engaged the services of Captain John S. Richey, as a detective, agreeing to pay him a reward of one hundred dollars per month. Captain Richey had formerly known Captain Jeffers on the river, and Captain J. was also known by Captain H. J. Reamer, of this city and no act of any kind had ever been alleged against his integrity. Captain Richey was led to believe his story about the robbery, and agreed to accept the position of detective offered him. Jeffers and a brother of Captain R. of Bradford, also proceeded on there for himself.

The same evening Capt. Jeffers returned to Louisville, where he remained until Monday. On Monday he again came to the city, and reported to Marshal Akers that he had arrested Thompson and his confederate at Gallatin, Tennessee, and that the greater robbers were to be in all in that town. He stated that he had been aided in making the arrest by the sheriff of Sumner county.

He then developed his plans to Marshal Akers. He said that the railroad company in offering the reward of twenty thousand dollars, had offered it for the arrest of the robbers, and had said nothing about the recovery of the bonds. He would therefore make the company come down handsomely if it got the bonds, $70,000 of which he said he had recovered. He further stated that he had information that another accomplice of Thompson, with $30,000, was in New York, and he intended to go there and arrest him.

The above is Captain Jeffers' story, related, Marshal Akers informs us, with the utmost precision and continuity as to places, times and other details. But nevertheless Marshal A. had misgivings as to the truth of Captain J.'s statements about the arrest, and dispatching Policeman Lansford to Louisville to ascertain the facts, that officer telegraphed to Gallatin, to the sheriff, who answered that no such arrest had been made there. Herein is a mystery. It not good cause for suspicion.

On the return, the last time, of Jeffers to this city, he showed Marshal Akers a check for five hundred dollars, purporting to have been drawn by the Jackson and New Orleans Railroad Company on a bank in St. Louis, and another check for the same amount by the same drawers upon a bank in New York. He also showed Captain Richey a receipt for eight hundred dollars deposited in an Indiana bank at Indianapolis. To Capt. R. he also showed a large roll of bank bills, and told him he had plenty more.

The fact of Capt. Jeffers being known to parties in this city besides those we have mentioned above, and his having always borne an excellent reputation for honesty, combined with the fact that his reported arrest of the robbers he said he was pursuing, and then the additional fact that he suddenly and in a surreptitious manner left this city and has not since been heard from, shrouds the whole affair in mystery, and in the judgment of experienced detectives leaves his conduct open to the gravest suspicions.

As corollary of the above related incidents, the location of the scene of the robbery, and the mystery of Captain Jeffers' story we may revive the fact of the murder of a revenue officer, near Jackson, Miss., early in January, and the robbery of his office and dead body of the sum of some thirty odd thousand dollars in bonds and greenbacks; the escape of the murderers and robbers, and the little notoriety given to the matter. We do not say there is any connection between the two affairs, but the matter being in the hands of energetic detectives may yet result in the unraveling of the mystery connected with both affairs. Marshal Akers will give any particulars of the above brief sketched story, if addressed upon the subject. Letters should be addressed to Thomas Akers, City Marshall, New Albany, Indiana.

A NOVEL DIVORCE CASE.

A Decree Granted After Thirty Years of Desertion.

Two Wives and Two Sets of Children.

[From the Chicago Times.]

In the Circuit Court, yesterday, a divorce case was determined, which was, to say the least, of a very remarkable character. The parties to the suit were Catherine Spellman against her husband, John Spellman.

The features of this case differ from the generality of divorce cases, being tinged somewhat with the air of romance. The complainant and defendant were married some 30 years ago, in Ireland, where they had three children. A few years subsequent to the marriage, the husband bade the wife adieu, and told her he was going to seek his fortune in America. The wife waited patiently a score of years for the return of her liege lord, but he came not. The children grew to be men, and finally resolved Japhet-like, to start in search of their father. After some difficulty, they discovered the object of their search in the vicinity of Freeport, in this State. The old gentleman had prospered, and had amassed no inconsiderable fortune, which was very agreeable to the Spellman juniors, but there was one drawback to this otherwise good luck, in the shape of a second Mrs. Spellman, and several children, claiming the inheritance of the rightful heirs.

The father promised to make amends, and went to Philadelphia, where his first wife had been brought. He sought an interview and was forgiven for his thirty years of desertion, if he would thenceforth be faithful, all which he promised to do. In a few weeks he again felt a desire to return to his later love, and, accordingly, without the leave or license of Mrs. Spellman No. 1, departed to seek the more congenial society of Mrs. Spellman No. 2. This second desertion was too much for the complainant, and the present proceeding was the result. As the second marriage could not be denied, a decree was easily obtained, and as consolation for her loss the court awarded the complainant the sum of $5,000.

A "fast man about town," in Buffalo, aged thirteen, has been arrested for getting drunk and whipping his wife.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Business cards will be inserted in this column at the rate of $1 50 per line per month.

AINSLIE, COCHRAN & CO.—[illegible] Foundry, and Machine Shops, [illegible] Main [illegible] Tenth streets.

BRENNER, CHAS. C., Dealer in Paints and Artists' Materials, 75 W. Market st. [illegible]

BULL, W. T. & CO.—Wholesale Carpet House and Wall Paper, No. 77 East Market st., [illegible] between First and Brook sts.

BOWLES & BARBOUR, Real Estate Agents, Main, opp. Bank of Ky. [illegible]

BRYANT, MRS. M. J., [illegible] Millinery and Fancy Goods, [illegible] New Block, [illegible]

BROWN, J. DIXON & CO.—[illegible]

DORN, BARKHOUSE & CO.—[illegible]

EBY, H. H. & CO.—[illegible]

GOUCH, CHAS. A., Dealer in Tobacco, and [illegible]

GREEN & GREEN—[illegible] Main and Fourth streets, [illegible]

GRIFFITH, HUNTER & CO.—Wholesale Grocers and Com. Merchants, [illegible]

HARRISON & SON, [illegible]

HAYS & BELL—[illegible] Market st., bet. First and Brook.

HARLAN, JOHN M., Attorney at Law, [illegible]

JAMES & CO., THOS. [illegible] Coal Office, [illegible]

LOUISVILLE FURNITURE MANUFACTURING CO. [illegible]

LANE, DAVID—[illegible]

LITHGOW, J. S. & CO.—[illegible] Castings, Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron Ware.

MORRIS, J. S. & SONS—Wholesale Druggists, [illegible] Main, bet. Fourth and Fifth.

MORTON, JOHN P. & CO.—Publishers, Booksellers, Stationers, Blank Book Manufacturers, [illegible] West Main street.

MOUNT, W. J.—Manufacturer and Dealer in Saddlery, &c., [illegible]

ROBINSON, A. L. & CO.—[illegible] Tobacco, [illegible]

SACKSTEDER, J. [illegible]

YOUNG, JNO. P. [illegible]

DAILY COURIER.

BY W. N. HALDEMAN.

OFFICE: 100 WEST JEFFERSON ST., Between Third and Fourth.

FRIDAY MORNING, - - - FEB. 21, 1868.

The State Military Debt.

During the last session of the Legislature a movement for the rapid extinguishment of the State debt was inaugurated by Governor Helm.

The resources of the Sinking Fund were increased in divers ways, to provide a fund for the immediate payment of the State bonds.

Among other measures the funds received from the United States on military account were transferred from the "Military Fund" on the ledger of the State Treasurer, and put into the "Sinking Fund" account.

This was done under the mistaken impression that the military indebtedness of the State had been fully and completely paid. So far from such being the fact, some $12,000 of ascertained indebtedness is still outstanding and unpaid.

We have seen the Quartermaster General's checks for some of these debts. They are checks signed by the Governor and Quartermaster General, and addressed to the Auditor. Now the Auditor has but one reason for not paying these checks. It is that the "military fund" is a blank page on his books. All the funds received from Washington city now go into a channel never contemplated in the arrangement between the State and the Federal Government, and but for such diversion of funds the checks would long ago have been paid.

It is a fact that our State credit has been so excellent that the checks referred to have passed current as money, no one ever doubting their prompt payment by the State. We have a personal knowledge that some of these checks have been used as money in purchasing property.

Some measure is certainly proper, in common justice, to provide for the payment of these checks. The parties had rendered service to the State for the amount of their claims, and instead of money have only received these checks. It is true that the State presents these receipts and [illegible] upon them at Washington and instead of paying the holders of the checks puts the money into the sinking fund, and the claimants are left with repudiated checks in their hands to whistle for their money.

Common justice, it seems to us, demands that the funds received from Washington should be restored to the military fund at least to an amount sufficient to pay the military checks of the State, and we trust our legislators will see that some proper action is had in the premises.

The Capitol Extension Proposition.

Yesterday, at 10½ A. M., was the hour appointed for action upon the motion to reconsider the vote by which the House rejected the bill making an appropriation of $[illegible] for capitol extension at Frankfort, but no action was had upon the subject in consequence of the militia bill and the House resolution taking up the whole morning. We have too much confidence in our legislators to entertain any serious apprehension that they will vote an appropriation from the public treasury intended to fix the seat of government at Frankfort and commence the erection of new and extensive public buildings there. Even were there no other reason for opposing the appropriation—and there are others of grave importance—this is no time for lavish expenditure of the public money. The people expect prudent and economical legislation.

☞ Our Washington special states that the President thinks the recent movement of Congress for the immediate admission of Alabama was a virtual acknowledgment that the Congressional policy of reconstruction is a grand failure, and says the last ought to have been admitted long ago and the States restored to their political rights. Now, it is true enough that the States ought long since to have been restored to their political rights, but the proposition to remedy the failure by bringing the ten States in under negro constitutions by a sweeping act of Congress we know is not such restoration as commends itself to Mr. Johnson. We are afraid the acknowledgment alluded to won't prove of much service to the country.

Passage of the Militia Bill.

The bill to organize the militia of the Commonwealth passed the House by a large majority yesterday as it was reported from the Military Committee, except that the [illegible] left for the salaries of officers were [illegible]. It establishes a complete and well devised system of militia organization. The few opponents of the measure did their utmost in the way of filibustering to prevent its passage, but their efforts were in vain. The bill will doubtless pass the Senate.

Resolutions on the Death of Governor Helm.

Appropriate resolutions were adopted yesterday with reference to the death of Governor Helm, by each House of the General Assembly. Feeling and eloquent tributes were paid to his memory in the Senate by Messrs. Field, Winchester, and Baker, and in the House by Messrs. Phister, McAfee, and Read. Both Houses adjourned immediately on the passage of the resolutions.

☞ The Democratic National Committee meets in Washington to select a place and name a time for holding the National Democratic Convention on Saturday the [illegible]. The following named gentlemen constitute the committee as organized at Chicago in 1864:

Maine—S. R. Lyman, Portland.
New Hampshire—[illegible]
Vermont—H. B. Smith, Milton.
Massachusetts—F. O. Prince, Boston.
Rhode Island—Gideon Bradford, Providence.
Connecticut—Wm. M. Converse, Norwich.
New York—August Belmont, New York City.
New Jersey—W. G. Steele, Trenton.
Pennsylvania—W. A. Galbraith, Erie.
Delaware—John A. Nicholson, Dover.
Maryland—Odin Bowie, [illegible]
Kentucky—James Guthrie, Louisville; [illegible] Trimble, Paducah.
Ohio—Rufus P. Ranney, Cleveland.
Indiana—W. E. Niblack, Vincennes.
Illinois—Wilbur F. Storey, Chicago.
Michigan—W. L. Bancroft, Port Huron.
Missouri—Lewis V. Bogy, St. Louis.
Minnesota—John H. M. Kenny, Chatfield.
Wisconsin—George H. Paul, Milwaukee.
Iowa—D. O. Finch, Des Moines.
Kansas—Isaac E. Eaton, Leavenworth.
California—Thomas Hayne, [illegible]
Oregon—[illegible]

Paris has been carried away with a new play by Emile Augier, just produced at the Comedie Francaise. [illegible]

JEFFERSONVILLE ITEMS.

February [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] make a remark or two in reference to the reported ordinance passed by our Council at Tuesday night's meeting, touching the subject of peddling. This ordinance repeals the former ordinance upon this subject and makes a radical change in two particulars as compared with the former one. The present peddling simply forbids the retailing, or retail—wholesale transactions not coming within the legal meaning of the term peddle. In other words, a wholesale dealer is not a peddler, and was not required, under the old ordinance, to take out license, but under the new it is made requisite. Again, under the former law, city producers were permitted, without license, to sell the products of their own farms. An attempt is made in the new law to qualify it, and the [illegible]

[illegible]

CAPTURED.

The prisoner Clark, who escaped some two or three months ago from the penitentiary, was captured a few days ago in Ohio. We learn that Clark knocked one of his pursuers in the attempt to escape, and wounded another. He was finally wounded himself and forced to yield. He is represented as an exceedingly dangerous character. We presume he will be returned to trial and [illegible] being returned to the penitentiary of this place.

Card from Judge J. Hop Price.

To the Editor of the Louisville Courier:

Several communications to the city papers from my friends in regard to the race for the [illegible] [illegible] I desire the position. It is [illegible] myself from my professional engagements I would like to canvass the district and discuss the great questions about which the people are so much concerned.

I am thankful to my friends for [illegible] name for the position but must decline to be a candidate before the delegates.

J. HOP PRICE.

Card from Mr. Louis Helm.

To the Editor of the Louisville Courier:

Will you please state in your paper that I [illegible] the meeting [illegible] of the Radical [illegible]

LOUIS H. HELM.

February [illegible]

KENTUCKY NEWS.

(From the Paris Kentuckian.)

GOOD TRADING.—Alex. McClintock and Wm. [illegible], of this county, purchased thirty head of mules at the Lexington Court at $114 00, and sold them on Monday and a pair on the same day at an average of about $142. Many [illegible]

CHANTICLEER IN THE FIELD.—GREAT MATCH BETWEEN PARIS AND LEXINGTON.—[illegible]

(From the Georgetown Times, Feb. 18.)

WHITE LABOR.—Many of the farmers of Woodford county are employing German laborers. If the experiment proves a success the example will doubtless be generally followed. [illegible]

GIVE US A FRIENDLY CALL.—We would be glad if our exchanges would mention the fact that a festival is to be given to the alumni of Georgetown College during commencement week, in June next. [illegible]

GREAT DAY SALES.—We are indebted to Mr. A. W. Lyle [illegible]

C. L. B. Offutt reports as follows: Yearling mules $42 per head; yearling heifers, from $[illegible]; 2 year olds from $40 to $52; fat cows $[illegible]

CARTER MOORE has returned from Virginia. He did comparatively well with his mules. [illegible]

(From the Shelby Sentinel.)

J. B. ROBERTS, of Henry, was recently [illegible]

WITHIN THE PAST few days several head of mules passed [illegible]

(From the Paris Kentuckian, Feb. 18th.)

THE MULE TRADE.—Parties who have returned within the past week from New Orleans represent the trade as quite dull and [illegible]

MR. BAXTER, of this county, had sold out about the first of February all but [illegible]

Val. Hildreth was prospecting for buyers, with but little success.

J. A. Hildreth was at Natchez, and had made low sales.

Asa Edger was circulating in New Orleans and on the coast, selling mules on commission.

[illegible]

Death of an Excellent Young Man.

COLUMBIA, KY., Feb. 19, 1868.

To the Editor of the Louisville Courier:

It is my painful duty to announce the death of our estimable young friend, John Wood Irvine, only son of Dr. Thomas Irvine, of Lebanon, Ky., who died to-day at this place after an illness of two weeks. Strong and vigorous, but cut down at the very [illegible] A large [illegible]

"In life we are in the midst of death."

Respectfully, H.

A good brother in one of the rural districts thought he had a call to preach. Being an indifferent reader, he got a friend to read the Scripture. The chapter on one occasion was Genesis xxii, which contains this verse: "These eight did Milcah bear to Nahor, Abraham's brother." On this the preacher held forth as follows: "Brethren and sisters, let us remember our blessings. [illegible]

LETTER FROM NABOB.

The Expulsion of Aaron—Nigger Turner's "Great Speech"—The Work goes bravely on—A Playful Swindle—More Money on Hand—Ambitious Picture—The Election for Governor.

[Special Correspondence of the Louisville Courier.]

ATLANTA, GA., February 16, 1868.

Another week has floated, and with the great speaking representatives of the negroes of Georgia continue to "play fantastic tricks," and make angels weep. The great event of the week has been the expulsion of Aaron Alpeoria, [illegible]

[illegible]

At St. Paul's Last Night.

(From the Petersburg Va. Express, Feb. 1.)

The Rev. Wm. H. Platt, Rector of Calvary Church, Louisville, Kentucky, was married at St. Paul's Church, in this city, last night, by the Rev. [illegible] [illegible]

CITY ITEMS.

[illegible]

MARRIED.

[illegible]

DIED.

[illegible]

RELIGIOUS

[illegible]

A VALUABLE CONTRACT.

[illegible]

CARDING MACHINES!
Superior Roll Cards,

W[illegible]

H. W. WILKES.

One of the Most Hardy Ornamental Evergreen Trees is the Norway Spruce.

N[illegible]

SOLAR OIL,

Gives a Light Equal to Gas!

IT CANNOT BE EXPLODED.

A[illegible]

EGG AND BUTTER DEPOT.

W[illegible]

Notice.

[illegible]

A CARD.

T[illegible]

FILES, FISTULA, FISSURES, TUMORS, &c.

D[illegible]

PRICE, ALLMAN & FISHER,

PLASTER PARIS, [illegible]

COAL TAR.

[illegible]

LOCAL NOTICES.

CARPETS LESS THAN COST.

Having determined to close my business here within the next sixty days, I hereby offer my large stock of carpets, oil cloths, &c., &c., regardless of cost. It being my intention to remove from the city, the above offer is made in good faith. Call and learn prices.

C. FRANK, 77 1-2 Fourth St.

[illegible]

Peytona Cannel coal for sale at
HYATT, SNYDER & CO.'S,
72 Third st., bet. Main & Market.

Peytona Cannel coal, the best and cheapest coal in the market, for sale at
HYATT, SNYDER & CO.'S,
72 Third st., bet. Main & Market.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

STEARINE SOAP.

[illegible]

A Cough, a Cold, or a Sore Throat,

[illegible]

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Disease, or Consumption,

[illegible]

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

[illegible]

MEETINGS.

Attention, Harvey Rifles!

[illegible]

LAW NOTICE.

[illegible]

SINGING BIRDS. SINGING BIRDS.

A[illegible]

SCAVENGERS.

[illegible]

Cleansing Privies.

[illegible]

Balsley's Patent Step Ladders.

PYNE & CREIGHTON,
No. 82 Fourth St.,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
Proprietors for Kentucky and Tennessee.

[illegible]

Geo. Brobston & Co.,
PLUMBERS
GAS AND STEAM FITTERS!

[illegible]

No. 107 Market Street.

Last Chance.

W[illegible]

Dress Making!

D[illegible]

Lumber.

60,000 [illegible]

TAPP, KENNEDY & WALSH.

New Orleans Fruit Store

A[illegible]

DR. S. H. GARVIN,
Office on West Side of Seventh street,

[illegible]

STACEY HOUSE,
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE.

[illegible]

W. A. JONES.

G. REINEKEN & PALMORE,
Commission Merchants
68 BROAD STREET,
NEW YORK.

W[illegible]

THOMAS PEARSON,
Real Estate and General Agent,
No. 130 West Main Street.

H[illegible]

WM. W. COX,
AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Huntsville, Ala.

B[illegible]

CARD.
H. P. BRADSHAW & CO.
ARCHITECTS.

[illegible]

FREDERICK HOUSE!
F. S. FREDERICK, Proprietor.

[illegible]

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN!

Look Out for Good, Nice & Cheap

BOOTS, GAITERS & SHOES

W[illegible]

BECKER & BECKER.

DRY GOODS.

NOTICE

TO

Hotel, Boarding and Housekeepers Generally.

You can, for a few days, obtain at R. CUNNINGHAM'S Cheap Cash Store, 154 Market Street, the Cheapest Crash, TABLE LINENS, Oil Cloths, Napkins, Towels, Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, Ticks, Marseilles & other Quilts, that have been offered in this city for a number of years. Hurry along, as they will be sold quick.

Swiss Muslins and Tarlatans.

A large lot of slightly damaged, opened THIS MORNING, at R. CUNNINGHAM'S CHEAP CASH STORE, 154 Market St.

LADIES AND MISSES AND GENTLEMEN

Five hundred kinds of Ladies' and Misses' GLOVES at 50c on the dollar, at R. CUNNINGHAM'S, 154 Market Street.

PRINTS!

New, beautiful and CHEAP, and in great variety, at CUNNINGHAM'S CHEAP CASH STORE, 154 Market Street.

EMBROIDERIES

AND

Linen Collars and Cuffs,

A nice lot, cheap, at

CUNNINGHAM'S,

154 MARKET STREET

Dry Goods

AT

AUCTION

AT

TRADE PALACE!

The sale of goods advertised to take place on the 17th inst. has been postponed to MONDAY, 24th inst., at which time the entire balance of the stock will be sold at public auction. The lease, fixtures, and good will of the business will also be sold to close the partnership of

MILLS, RACE & SNYDER.

NOTICES.

Notice.

T[illegible]

Notice.

T[illegible]

Louisville Chancery Court.

[illegible]

Notice.

T[illegible]

MOSS, TRIGG & SEMPLE,
IMPORTERS OF
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS, &C.
No. 207 Main St., Louisville, Ky.

N[illegible]

Metropolitan Hotel!
Main St., bet. Front and Second,
CINCINNATI.

W. A. THURSTON, Prop'r.

T[illegible]

ALEX. MILLAR, Jr., & W. H. KAYE,
Wholesale and retail dealers in the best quality of
PITTSBURG & OTHER
COAL
AT THE LOWEST PRICE.

PROMPT attention [illegible]
Office, No. 179 Market St., North Side.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Important!

T[illegible] PLANTER COOK STOVE [illegible]

[illegible] PHOENIX RANGE [illegible]

J. S. LITHGOW & CO.,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

FIRM CHANGES.

Dissolution of Partnership.

T[illegible]

Dissolution.

T[illegible]

Notice.

B[illegible]

PROPOSALS.

To Bridge Contractors.

[illegible]

To Contractors.

I[illegible]

INSURANCE COMPANY STATEMENT.

Louisville Insurance and Banking Company
AGENT FOR
CLEVELAND INSURANCE COMPANY, CLEVELAND, O.

[illegible]

CAPITAL, ... $200,000.

ASSETS.

[illegible]

Total Assets . . . $288,038 11

LOANS ON CALL, SECURED AS FOLLOWS:

	Par Value.	Market Value.	Am't Loaned.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

LIABILITIES. Unadjusted Losses . . . 110,500 00

COTTON AND TOBACCO FACTORS.

BLAKEMORE, PARKER & CO.,
Cotton & Tobacco Factors
181 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK,

WILL make liberal cash advances on produce shipped to us, and will use our best exertions to make [illegible]

W. L. PARKER, General Agent,
No. 17 Fourth Street, Louisville, Ky.

CLOTHING HOUSE.

M. N. ROGERS. M. S. MORGAN. W. B. GRUBBS.

ROGERS, MORGAN & GRUBBS,
Successors to John T. Martin's Son & Co.,

Wholesale Clothing!

377 and 379 Broadway, New York.

JAMES P. BUCKNER,
NO. 69 SIXTH STREET, LOUISVILLE, KY.,
Distiller in Whiskies, Cologne and Neutral Spirits.

FOR SALE IN BOND [illegible] Pure Copper Whisky, one year old, [illegible] bbls. Bond's Anderson county [illegible] Pure Copper Whisky, one year old, 30 bbls. Chicken Cock Whisky, [illegible]

J. P. BUCKNER.

WINE.

SPEER'S
PORT GRAPE WINE,

Used by Four-fifths of the New York and Philadelphia Congregations for Church Communion Purposes;

ALSO

Prescribed by the Most Eminent Physicians of the East and of St. Louis, who have investigated the Matter, as the Most Reliable Wine to be had.

IT IS

EXCELLENT FOR LADIES AND WEAKLY PERSONS.

Vineyard, New Jersey
Speer's Port Grape Wine

T[illegible]

Tonic and Strengthening Properties

[illegible]

A Wine to be Relied On.

☞ [illegible]
☞ Sold by all Druggists.
Store, No. 243 Broadway, N. Y.

LOTTERY.

KENTUCKY LOTTERY!
For the Benefit of Shelby College.
FRANCE, SMITH & CO., Managers
CLASS B
Will be drawn in Covington, Ky., Feb 14, '68.

50,000 Numbers and 1,130 Prizes!

[illegible]

1,130 Prizes, amounting to [illegible]
Tickets, $12; Halves, $6; Quarters, $3.

☞ The above magnificent single-number lottery will be drawn in public in Covington, Ky., [illegible]

FRANCE, SMITH & CO.,
Box 374 Covington, Ky.

PAINTS.

CHAS. C. BRENNER

PAINTS!
No. 75 Market Street,
BETWEEN SECOND AND THIRD.

TAILORS.

C. CAMPBELL
MERCHANT TAILOR,
NO. 68, THIRD STREET,
between Main and Market.

W[illegible]

BOLTING CLOTH!
Warranted Genuine Dufour Anchor Brand.

W[illegible]

H. W. WILKES.

POTOMAC SHAD
FIRST OF THE SEASON!
AT
WALKER'S EXCHANGE.

A[illegible]

WASHINGTON FOUNDRY
AND
MACHINE SHOP.
JOHN B. DAVIES,
[illegible]

MANUFACTURER of Marine, Land and Portable Steam Engines, [illegible]

Corner Main and Ninth sts., Louisville, Ky.

Royal Havana Lottery of Cuba.
[illegible] by the Spanish Government.
$[illegible] in Gold Drawn Every 17 Days.

P[illegible]

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that, on the 10th day of February, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of WILLIAM H. GRAY and JAMES M. TODD, of Frankfort, in the county of Franklin, and State of Kentucky, who have been adjudged bankrupts on their own petition; [illegible]

W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. Marshal as Messenger.

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that, on the 11th day of February, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of W. CRAVENS, [illegible]

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that, on the 11th day of February, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of MAT. BUCKNER, of Winchester, [illegible]

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that on the 17th day of February, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of JOHN T. JOHNSON, of [illegible], in the county of Nicholas, and State of Kentucky, [illegible]

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that, on the 14th day of February, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of HARRISON M. McKAKE, of [illegible], in the county of Mercer and State of Kentucky, [illegible]

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that, on the 12th day of February, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of HIRAM HENRY EVANS, of Frankfort, in the county of Franklin, and State of Kentucky, [illegible]

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that, on the 13th day of February, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of MRS. MARGARET JENKINS, of Bardstown, in the county of Nelson, and State of Kentucky, [illegible]

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that, on the 18th day of February, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of JAMES H. SEARS, of [illegible], in the county of Nicholas, and State of Kentucky, [illegible]

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that, on the 17th day of February, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of JAMES [illegible], in the county of Scott, and State of Kentucky, [illegible]

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that on the 3d day of February, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of L. H. GARVIN, of [illegible], in the county of Clark, and State of Kentucky, [illegible]

NOTICE.—In the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky—In bankruptcy. In the matter of JOHN H. RIGNEY—Petition for final discharge filed February 11, 1868. [illegible]

W. H. LAWRENCE,
159 JEFFERSON STREET [illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS.

Gunny Bags.

50 BALES blank double sewed gunny bags, for sale by
BRANNIN, SUMMERS & CO.

Flowering Shrubs, &c.

A LARGE and splendid assortment of hardy Flowering Shrubs, Roses, Vines, &c., together with a general assortment of green house and bedding plants, for sale by
H. S. DUNCAN & SON,
Central Market, Louisville.

Apple Trees

10,000 [illegible] year old Apple Trees for sale low by
H. S. DUNCAN,
Fern Creek Nursery, Fern Creek, Ky.

75,000 Fruit Trees,

CONSISTING of Apple, Pear, Peach, Plum, Cherry, Apricot and Nectarine, for sale by
H. S. DUNCAN & SON,
Central Market, Louisville, Ky.

Strawberry Plants for the Million.

ALSO, Currant, Gooseberry, Raspberry and Blackberry Plants, of the most approved varieties, for sale by
H. S. DUNCAN & SON,
Central Market, Louisville, Ky.

5,000 Shade and Ornamental Trees,

SUITABLE for city planting, for sale by
H. S. DUNCAN & SON,
Central Market, Louisville.

Pickles.

100 BBLS. and half barrels prime Cucumber Pickles, ready for table use, for sale by
KENTUCKY VINEGAR COMPANY.

Timothy Seed.

164 BAGS Choice Timothy Seed for sale on consignment.
SANDERS & JOHNSON,
95 Main street.

Corn.

8000 SACKS ear Corn.
[illegible] sacks shelled.
In store and for sale by
SMITH, STURGEON & CO.

Northern Seed Oats.

20,000 BUSHELS black [illegible] bushels white.
For sale by
SMITH, STURGEON & CO.

Gunnies.

100 BALES Gunnies now due and for sale, arrive, by
SMITH, STURGEON & CO.

Corn Burlaps.

HEAVY corn burlap sacks constantly on hand for sale by
SMITH, STURGEON & CO.

Groceries.

COFFEE—1,200 bags Rio, common to choice;
SUGAR—[illegible] New Orleans, fair to prime;
MOLASSES—100 bbls. Prime New Orleans;
RICE—[illegible] Choice Louisiana Rice;
In store and for sale by
D. S. BENEDICT & SONS.

Hay! Hay!

WE have in store and for sale 100 tons choice shipping Hay, also, 100 tons on the line of L. & N. R. R.
CALLAHAN & SON,
Corner Ninth and Broadway.

Wanted.

FEATHERS,
GINSENG,
WOOL,
BEESWAX,
for which we will pay the highest market price in cash.
POINIER & CAMPBELL,
[illegible] Sixth st., bet. Main and Market.

HORSE-SHOEING!

[illegible]

Copper Whisky.

600 BBLS. Copper Whisky, from three to six years old, in store and for sale by
R. BUSTARD, No. [illegible] Main st.,
between Second and Third.

CANDIDATES.

FOR CHANCELLOR.

T. B. COCHRAN is a candidate for the office of Chancellor of the Louisville Chancery Court.

FOR MARSHAL CHANCERY COURT.

JOHN C. NAUTS, independent candidate for Marshal of the Louisville Chancery Court.

THOMAS H. SHERLEY is a candidate for Marshal of the Chancery Court at the ensuing August election.

R. H. SNYDER is a candidate for Marshal of the Chancery Court at the next August election.

WE are authorized to announce JOHN THATCHER as a candidate for Marshal of the Louisville Chancery Court, at the next August election.

F. C. WELMAN is a candidate for Marshal of the Louisville Chancery Court at the next August election.

WE are authorized to announce ROBT. W. BERR as a candidate for Marshal of the Louisville Chancery Court at the next August election.

WE are authorized to announce J. R. PARKS as a candidate for Marshal of the Louisville Chancery Court at the next August election.

WE are authorized to announce W. C. O. WHIPS as a candidate at the next August election for Marshal of the Chancery Court.

WE are authorized to announce T. D. FOX as a candidate at the next August election for Marshal of the Chancery Court.

FOR CLERK CHANCERY COURT.

COL. THOS. W. THOMPSON is a candidate for Clerk of the Louisville Chancery Court.

Charles J. Clarke for Clerk of the Chancery Court.

To the Editor of the Louisville Courier:

CHARLES J. CLARKE was formerly the Clerk of the Chancery Court. He is now an old citizen. It is time we were returning to first principles. I therefore nominate him for the proper person to fill that office.

J. W. KNIGHT.

CHARLES M. THRUSTON is a candidate for Clerk of the Louisville Chancery Court.

HARRY STUCKEY is a candidate for re-election for Clerk of the Louisville Chancery Court.

WE are authorized to announce Dr. GEO. A. ROKE as a candidate for Clerk of the Louisville Chancery Court.

FOR COMMONWEALTH'S ATTORNEY

WE are authorized to announce J. D. LILLARD, of [illegible], as a candidate for Commonwealth's Attorney in the Eighth Judicial District.

J. S. DUPUY is a candidate for RE-ELECTION to the office of Commonwealth's Attorney in this District.

J. D. HARRINGTON is a candidate for Commonwealth's Attorney in this Judicial District, subject to the decision of a Democratic Convention.

GEORGE WILLIAM CARUTH is a candidate for Commonwealth's Attorney in this District.

J. M. WRIGHT is a candidate for Commonwealth's Attorney in this District.

PHIL. LEE is a candidate for Commonwealth's Attorney in this District.

WE are authorized to announce Capt. S. A. RUM[illegible] as the Democratic candidate for Commonwealth's Attorney in this Judicial District.

WE are authorized to announce NAT. GAITHER as a candidate for Commonwealth's Attorney in the Fifth District, subject to the decision of a Democratic convention.

WE are authorized to announce L. H. NOBLE, as a candidate for re-election to the office of Commonwealth's Attorney for the Fifth Judicial District, at the ensuing August election.

CIRCUIT COURT CLERK.

JACK SARGENT is a candidate for Clerk of the Jefferson Circuit Court at the August election.

JOHN S. CAIN is a candidate for Clerk of the Jefferson Circuit Court.

WE are authorized to announce JAMES P. CHAMBERS as a candidate for re-election to the office of Clerk of the Jefferson Circuit Court at the ensuing August election.

FOR SHERIFF.

W. H. ABLE is a candidate for Sheriff at the ensuing August election.

WE are authorized to announce S. B. RITE candidate for sheriff at the August election.

WE are authorized to announce Capt. JOHN M. MARTIN as a candidate for sheriff at the August election.

FOR SCHOOL TRUSTEE.

WE are authorized to announce WM. W. MARTIN as a candidate for School Trustee for the Fifth Ward.

FOR CIRCUIT JUDGE.

WE are authorized to announce T. M. HARWOOD, of [illegible] county, as a candidate for Circuit Judge in this, the Seventh Judicial District, subject to the action of a Democratic convention.

H. W. BRUCE is a candidate for Circuit Judge in the Seventh Judicial District, composed of Jefferson, Oldham, Shelby, Spencer, and Bullitt counties.

WE are authorized to announce S. S. MONTAGUE, Esq., as a candidate for Judge of the Circuit Court for the Fifth Judicial District, subject to the decision of a Democratic convention, should one be held.

FOR STREET INSPECTOR.

JOHN O. TWYMAN is a candidate for Street Inspector in the Western District.

WE are authorized to announce M. DIETZ as a candidate for Street Inspector, Eastern District, at the ensuing April election.

WE are authorized to announce WM. T. EASLEY as a candidate for Street Inspector in the Western District for the ensuing April election.

DAN. BATMAN is a candidate for Street Inspector in the Western District.

WE are authorized to announce JOHN G. ANTLE for re-election to the office of Street Inspector in the Western District, at the ensuing April election.

WE are authorized to announce JOHN ZABAL as a candidate for Street Inspector, Eastern District, at the ensuing April election.

WE are authorized to announce JAMES RAVERTY as a candidate for re-election to the office of Street Inspector of the Western District, at the ensuing April election.

WE are authorized to announce C. W. ERDMAN as a candidate for Street Inspector, Western District.

WE are authorized to announce Mr. WILLIAM MIDDENBACH as a candidate for re-election as Street Inspector, Eastern District, at the April election.

JOHN SHELEY is a candidate for Street Inspector in the Western District, subject to the decision of a Democratic convention.

WE are authorized to announce FRED. T. SALISBURY as a candidate for Street Inspector in the Western District at the ensuing April election.

J. B. WILLIAMSON is a candidate for Street Inspector in the Eastern District, at the April election, subject to the action of a Democratic convention.

D. J. BOWLES is a candidate for Street Inspector in the Eastern District, at the April election.

FRANK MADDEN,
Copper-plate Engraver,
105 Jefferson, bet. Third and Fourth.

WEDDING, Visiting, and Party Cards engraved in the latest styles.

LAWYERS.

B. H. ALLEN
Attorney at Law,

PRACTICES in the Common Law and Criminal Courts of the city. Office, Court Place.

PHILIP A. GAERTNER,
Attorney at Law,
Office, No. 35 Court Place,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

WANTED.

WANTED—TANNER AND CURRIER—to work ... Apply to ... MANTLE & COWAN, ... street, Louisville, Ky.

WANTED—Ten farmers, seven gardeners, ten canvassers, fifteen farm hands, two men at light work, ... partners with capital from $300 to $... Also situations to porters, bartenders, salesmen and clerks. All seeking business come to Louisville Employment Agency, 101 Fifth street.

WANTED—TEACHER—A competent teacher at ..., Ky. Apply to Judge Hoar ...

WANTED—BOARD—By a young gentleman ... Address, with terms, "New York," this office.

WANTED—SALESMEN—Several active salesmen, who can command a good trade in either of the following States: Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee, to ... R. DUHRING & CO. ... Address immediately by mail for further particulars.

WANTED—A GOOD FARMER—To take a farm to work on shares or otherwise. Apply at ... lumber yard, corner Chestnut and Preston streets. W. M. STEWART.

WANTED—200 GIRLS—The best way families can obtain a good cook, laundress or nurse, &c., ... Louisville Employment Agency, 101 Fifth street. A lady in attendance.

WANTED—To INFORM all merchants, farmers, manufacturers and ... that "ALL KINDS of male help can be furnished ... at the LOUISVILLE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 101 Fifth street. MILLER & CO., Agents.

WANTED—SITUATION—A young lady wishes a situation to take charge of ... Good recommendations given. Country preferred. Address Lock Box 14, Louisville.

WANTED—FARMERS AND OTHERS TO KNOW—That they can obtain farm hands and female help, of any nationality or color, by addressing or applying to HULL & CO.'s employment office, 113 Second street.

WANTED—SITUATION, as PARTNER—By a young man who can furnish $1,500, ... in an established business. Apply to HULL & CO.'s employment office, 113 Second street, near Jefferson street.

WANTED—200 GIRLS—The best way to obtain a good cook, laundress, or nurse, ... your call and orders ... the female department of the LOUISVILLE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 101 Fifth street, near Market. A lady in attendance.

WANTED—NEWLY CURED BACON—On consignment 200,000 pounds (two hundred thousand pounds) newly cured bacon, on which a liberal cash advance will be made. The same to be consigned to our houses at Columbus and Savannah, Georgia, and Montgomery, Alabama. WILLIAMS & FRANKLIN.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE—40 acres of cotton land for a good piano. The land lies near the Memphis and Little Rock Railroad, and will be worth two thousand dollars as soon as the system of labor is adjusted. Any lady having a piano to spare had better make the investment than to let the piano stand idle. Address Box 800, Louisville, Ky.

WANTED—PARTNER—With $1,500—In a reliable and good paying cash business, and well established. Address, with name and where an interview can be had, C. D. E., Louisville Postoffice.

FOR SALE—CITY.

FOR SALE—GROCERY—The lease, stock and fixtures of a well located grocery stand. For particulars inquire of MORRIS, SOUTHWICK & CO., No. 60 Jefferson street.

FOR SALE—... TONS OF HAY—... best quality ... delivered at ... landing, sixteen miles below Louisville, on the Ohio river. H. J. CRATCRAFT.

FOR SALE—ICE—300 to 500 tons of Kentucky ice, of the very best quality, convenient to the city and will be sold either by the ton or in bulk. Address P. O. Drawer No. 61.

FOR SALE—CARTS—I have for sale at my stable, on Market street, between Sixth and Seventh streets, two Carts and two Drays, and harness, nearly new, which have been used but a short time. I have also constantly receiving mules from Bourbon, Fayette and Woodford counties for sale. Auction every Wednesday and Saturday. D. L. HAGELMAN, Auctioneer. ALEXA. TERROWEN, Proprietor.

FOR SALE—VALUABLE PROPERTY—James C. and Thomas Rudd offer to sell valuable property situated in the heart of Louisville. A lot on the south side of Green street, fronting 60 feet and extending back 142 feet to the alley, upon which there is a neat frame house with four rooms. ... Also one lot, 40 feet front by 85 deep on Water, 50 feet west of Sixth, on which there is a two-story brick ... For terms inquire of CHARLES P. RUDD, Attorney at Law, No. 200 West Jefferson street, opposite the Court-house.

FOR SALE—THE STATE OF KENTUCKY—For the valuable patent known as Woods' Air Carbonator and regulator combined, patented July 9, 1867. This machine combines all the good qualities of other gas machines, together with many valuable additions of its own ... [illegible]

FOR SALE—DRUG STORE—We offer for sale our drugs, fixtures, &c., ... corner of Chestnut and ... streets ... a good and rapidly increasing part of the city. If not sold by Tuesday, the ... of February, it will be sold on that day, at the hour of 11 o'clock, at public auction, by C. C. Spencer.

FOR SALE—HOUSES—Cheap for cash, 2 business houses and lots. SHERMAN P. WHALEY, 81 and 83 Fifth street.

FOR SALE—RESIDENCES—Several very nice country residences, situated ... miles of the city, with ... improvements. SHERMAN P. WHALEY, 81 and 83 Fifth street.

FOR SALE—SODA FACTORY—I will sell at public auction, ... the city of Louisville, if not previously sold, my Soda Water Factory, well known as "Garrison's," consisting of one small ... engine, ... boiler and pumps, everything necessary for a first-class soda factory, copper fountains, ... Also the house on leased ground, having five years to run. Ground rent low. Apply to the subscriber on ... D. ENOCHS.

FOR SALE—LOT—A high and beautiful building lot ... on the southwest corner of ... Inquire of J. C. SHAFFER & CO., 79 Jefferson street, bet. Second and Third.

FOR SALE—DRAYS, &c.—We have two drays and harness for sale at our stable, which have been used about two months. Apply to ... CLINTON & LINKS, stable on Second street, bet. Main and Market.

FOR SALE—STEAM ENGINE—A excellent steam engine, with boiler, heater, and connections complete, also some shafting. Apply to CHAS. D. JACOB, at Thomas J. Martin & Son's, north side Main, between First and Second.

FOR SALE—HARNESS, &c.—3,000 sets of government harness; also, cart, ... and stage harness and ..., bridles and saddles ... on hand. JAS. TRAIN & BRO., No. 218 Market street, between ... and Seventh, Louisville, Ky.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE—A neat frame cottage in Jeffersonville, Indiana. Terms easy. Apply to ALBERT S. WILLIS, in the fifth door from the southeast corner of Fifth and Jefferson streets.

FOR SALE OR LEASE—LOTS—A large number of building lots. Apply at ... office, No. 11 Center street.

FOR SALE—CARRIAGE—An elegant two-horse carriage, second-handed, but good ... for sale cheap. Apply to J. C. BETTIS, Second street, bet. Main and Market.

FOR SALE—OLD PAPERS—6,000 old papers, suitable for wrapping paper, and the cheapest that can be ... for sale at this office.

FOR SALE—MACHINERY—I have the following machinery in stock and for sale low for cash, one pair extra well finished steamboat engines, ... [illegible] ... ISAAC BARBAROUX, Hydraulic Foundry and Machine Shop, northeast corner Floyd and Washington streets.

FOR SALE OR RENT—HOUSES—Persons in search of houses to rent, will do well to call on HOOD & WARFIELD, No. 138 Third street, between ... and Walnut, who have houses of every grade to dispose of by sale or rent.

FOR SALE—HANDSOME RESIDENCE—Just finished, large, and with all the modern conveniences, situated on Broadway, south side, between Sixth and Seventh. Terms easy. Inquire of JAS. KENNEDY, on the premises, or at his mills, on Fourth street, between Main and Market.

FOR SALE—A FINE BUILDING LOT—... feet on the southeast corner of Fifteenth and Magazine ... Apply to M. THIERMAN & CO., No. 221 ...

BOARDING.

BOARDING—Reduced to $4 per week for gentlemen, table board $... per week; transient board ... per day. ... No. 207 Second street.

BOARDING—Comfortable rooms for families or for single gentlemen, with good boarding, may be had at No. 24 East Walnut, between First and Second streets. A few table boarders also can be accommodated.

BOARDING—A well furnished front room for rent, with board at $... per week, fire and lights included; also a few day boarders at reasonable rates. 144 Eighth street, between Grayson and Walnut.

BOARDING—A very pleasant front room and a nice back room at the Forsyth House, corner Third and Green streets, opposite the Postoffice, can be had by prompt persons, with the best board, by immediate application.

WANTED—BOARDERS—Several gentlemen can be accommodated with first-class board, with or without lodging, at very moderate rates. A gentleman and wife can also be accommodated with a second front room, at No. 175 ... street, between Market and Jefferson east side.

BOARDING—Two newly-furnished rooms for families, or for single gentlemen, with good board for may be had at No. 158 ... street, between Grayson and Walnut. Also, a few day boarders can be accommodated.

BOARDING—Persons desiring board can be accommodated at No. 21 East Market street. Can have ... dry and airy ... furnished at $5 per week. ... per week for day boarders.

BOARDING—The ... and cheapest boarding house in the city ... Restaurant, in Central Market. ...

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—RESPECTABLE AGENTS—In every city and county throughout the United States to canvass for the new and magnificent engraving, "The Lord's Prayer." Just published, and approved in the highest terms by many distinguished divines, both as regards ... as an artistic design. This beautiful engraving should be seen to every Christian family ... [illegible]

WANTED—AGENTS—A gentleman who has had some experience in the insurance business to take the agency of a first-class life insurance company for Nashville and Davidson county, Tennessee. Commission of twenty and ... per cent. paid. Business already established. Address H. A., Maxwell House, Nashville, Tenn.

WANTED—EVERYBODY—With a capital of $5 to $150 ... business, to call on, or address for circular, ... SHANNON & ... Jefferson street, ... Hotel building, Louisville, Ky.

WANTED—AGENTS—For the "History of the War between the States, its causes, character, conduct and results," by Hon. Alexander H. Stephens. Send for circulars and terms, and a full description of the work. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING COMPANY, 148 West Fourth street, Cincinnati, O.

WANTED—AGENTS—For ... Pollard's great work ... [illegible]

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—RESIDENCE—A large and well arranged residence located on Third, between Chestnut and Broadway, containing 11 rooms, ... water and gas ... The present occupant will sell ... furniture ... WILLIAM HUFFMAN, 104 ... street, or to MORRIS, SOUTHWICK & CO., 60 Jefferson street.

FOR RENT—LAND—For a term of years, 150 acres of first-rate land, ... miles from the city, with ... consisting of a fine dwelling ... [illegible] ... J. W. KALFUS.

FOR RENT—A FRONT ROOM—With ... furnished, ... Second ... at Room No. 5 ...

FOR RENT—A NICE DWELLING—With six rooms, cellar, stable and ... on Market, between Eighteenth and Nineteenth streets. Rent, $... per month. Apply to MUIRHEAD & CO.

FOR RENT—BUSINESS HOUSE—A large four story business house on Main street, between Second and Third. Apply to MORRIS, SOUTHWICK & CO., 60 Jefferson street.

FOR RENT—DWELLING—A desirable three story brick dwelling ... between First and Second streets, ... rooms, with gas, water, bath room, &c. Inquire of MARSHALL, GOOCH, & GUTHRIE, ... No. 17 Main street.

FOR RENT—TOBACCO FACTORY OR STEMMERY—On ... between Main and ... Apply to A. CLIFTON, No. 5 Hamilton's Building, upper Sixth and Main streets.

FOR RENT—ROOMS—Two well-arranged rooms, in a good locality, for a dressmaker or other ... Apply to MORRIS, SOUTHWICK & CO., 60 Jefferson street ...

FOR RENT—BUSINESS OFFICE—A large front office in second story. Apply to ANDERS & JOHNSON, 105 Main street.

FOR RENT OR SALE—THREE ... TAYLOR ... gardens, ... near ... Station, on the Louisville and Frankfort ... For particulars apply to ... D. HORN at ..., or to R. T. HORN ..., 144 West Jefferson street, between Fourth and Fifth, south side.

FOR RENT—HOTEL—The ... House, on Jefferson street, between Ninth and Tenth streets ... contains seven rooms, ... stable, ... Apply to ... FIELD, No. 138 Third street, between Green and Walnut.

FOR RENT—HOUSE—A two-story brick dwelling house, containing nine rooms, with gas, water, &c., north side Walnut, near First street.

FOR RENT—DWELLING HOUSE—A ... dwelling ... east side of Third street, ... and Kentucky ... R. P. MILLER, 36 West ...

FOR RENT—HOUSE—A two-story brick house on the south side of Gray street, between First and Second, containing 8 rooms. Apply to ... & CO., 91 Main street.

FOR RENT—NATIONAL HOTEL, LOUISVILLE, KY.—This large and commodious hotel, temporarily closed for repairs, on the corner of Main and Fourth streets, in the very heart of the city, is offered for rent. It has done a ... business for ... years. For terms apply to ... ALFRED THRUSTON ...

FOR RENT—ROOMS—... tenant ... TUCKER & ... Fourth and Market ...

FOR RENT—RESIDENCE—A ... residence, formerly owned and occupied by ... on the Bardstown ..., ... the city and opposite Mr. Isaac Everett's ... For further particulars apply to WHITMAN & WILSON, or to H. B. HILL, at the Northern Bank.

FOR RENT—STORE—The large and commodious store No. 31 Fourth street, and warehouse in the rear. Apply to J. H. SCHROEDER & SONS.

FOR RENT—A VERY DESIRABLE HOUSE—Corner Seventeenth and Chestnut, containing 10 rooms, stable, and all necessary out buildings, newly painted and papered throughout. Lot 100 feet front by 200 feet deep to an alley. Yard set out in fruit and shade trees. Inquire at No. 186 ... opposite. Price $... per month.

LOST.

LOST—$100 ... REWARD—A small black and tan terrier dog, marked with tan spots over each eye and on each cheek, ... legs, ears cropped short; answers to the name of Major. A reward of $... will be paid for his return, or any information of his whereabouts, to Mrs. J. A. ... No. 363 Washington ...

FOR SALE—COUNTRY.

FOR SALE—FARM—A desirable farm in ... county, Kentucky, situated on the Ohio river, one mile from Greenham's landing ... containing 225 acres of ... land, all under good fence, ... good new dwelling house, handsome ... kitchen ... house full of ice, ... 150 apple trees, ... The farm ... premium tobacco has been raised on this farm ... For further particulars apply to LEXINGTON & WHITE, real estate agents, ... Jefferson street, opposite the Court-house.

FOR SALE—NEWSPAPER—Situated in one of the most populous and wealthy portions of the State—in the midst of fourteen counties, in which there is no other paper published—... The advantages offered for investment are far superior to any that can be found elsewhere. The job office in connection with the paper is one of the most thoroughly complete to be found ... Apply to the Editor of the Louisville Courier.

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE FARM AND COUNTRY SEAT—Situated at O'Bannon's Station, on the Louisville and Frankfort Railroad, 14 miles from Louisville, ... [illegible]

FOR SALE—An elegant country seat, with forty acres of land, one of the best improved places in this county, situated on the ... road, within a few minutes' ride of the city. For terms apply to MORRIS, SOUTHWICK & CO., No. 60 Jefferson street, Louisville, Ky.

FOR SALE—We offer for sale that large and commodious building, together with thirty acres of ground, situated to the east of the ... road, about three miles from the city, ... [illegible] ... MORRIS, SOUTHWICK & CO., 60 Jefferson street, Louisville, Ky.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT—In Elizabethtown, Ky., one of the most desirable residences in the place, ... [illegible] ... J. W. MATTHEWS, Attorney at Law.

FOR SALE—FARM—I offer for sale my farm of ... acres of land, situated in Jefferson county, on the L. & F. R. R., ... miles from ... and ... miles from the city of Louisville ... [illegible] ... MORRIS, SOUTHWICK & CO., No. 60 Jefferson street.

FOR SALE—COUNTRY RESIDENCES—I have several fine country residences and eighty improved farms in this county for sale. Apply at No. 4 Center street. ROBT. W. HAYS.

FOR SALE OR LEASE—REAL ESTATE—I wish to sell, ... or lease the Cropper Depot and storehouse, dwelling and ... acres of land—20 acres in bearing fruit trees. This is a first rate stand for a country store, on the Frankfort railroad. ... W. ... Frankfort, Ky.

FOR SALE—FARMS—... to be exchanged for property in Louisville or Jefferson county, ... farms in ... county, ... G. T. BERGMANN, 164 Jefferson street, near Fifth.

FOR SALE—BY JOHN W. HUGHES & CO., Real Estate Agent, No. ... street, between Second and Third streets. [illegible]

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A FINE FARM—Of 162 acres, more or less, eight miles from Louisville, near ... road ... W. H. RALPH, at Crawford & Bach's, No. 280 Main street, Louisville, Ky.

FOR SALE—LAND—176 acres of land, within ... miles of the Court-house ... Apply to ... No. 103 ... street ...

ESTRAYED OR STOLEN.

ESTRAY—MARE—Left at the Farmers' House, on ... street between Preston and Jackson, on the ... of January a brown ... mare, ... The owner will call, pay charges, and get her. JOHN ...

BANKS.

E. HUTCHISON & CO.,
BANKERS.

[illegible]

BANKING HOUSE OF CAMPBELL & MILLER,
No. 6 Wall Street, New York.
$500,000 ... [illegible]

Americans Visiting Paris

BY having their letters addressed to ... & Co., Bankers, 10 Rue Auber, Paris, ... [illegible]

AUCTION SALES.

TO-DAY.

AUCTION NOTICE.
GARTRELL & MOORE,
No. 147, Northwest Cor. Main & Fourth Sts.

REGULAR SALE DAYS TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, ... Liberal advances made on consignments. GARTRELL & MOORE, Auctioneers.

Auction Sale of Books TO-NIGHT,
... 70 Jefferson st., bet. Second and Third.

BY C. C. HUTCHINSON,
70 Jefferson street, between Second and Third.

FOUR NIGHTS' SALE

Of Standard Books, Miscellaneous Publications, Family Bibles, Catholic Bibles, Gold Pens. New Books of all kinds to close consignment.

WEDNESDAY, Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings ... C. C. HUTCHINSON, Auctioneer.

BY C. J. MATHEWS,
... Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

Regular Sale of Household and Kitchen Furniture, Dry Goods, Clothing, Notions, &c.; also, some fine Chewing Tobacco.

AT AUCTION.

ON THIS (FRIDAY) MORNING, ... at ... No. 316 Main st., ... C. J. MATHEWS, Auctioneer.

BY H. C. RUSSELL.

A General Assortment of Household Furniture, consisting in part of Wardrobes, Bedsteads, Marble-top Bureaus, Washstands, Tables, Chairs, Spring Mattresses, fine Brussels Carpets, &c., &c.

AT AUCTION.

ON FRIDAY MORNING, February 21, at 315 ... street, between ... and ..., ... H. C. RUSSELL, Auctioneer.

BY CUTTER, BEMENT & CO.,
No. 75 Third street, bet. Main and Market.

Bankrupt Stock of Clothing, Piece Goods, and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

AT AUCTION.

ON FRIDAY MORNING, at 10 o'clock, at the store of ... on ... side of ... between Fourth and Fifth, ... CUTTER, BEMENT & CO., Auctioneers.

BY CUTTER, BEMENT & CO.,
No. 75 Third street, between Main and Market sts.

Large Sale of New and Second-hand Furniture, House-keepers' Articles, Carpets, &c., &c.

AT AUCTION.

ON FRIDAY MORNING, February 21, at 10 o'clock, at Auction Rooms, ... CUTTER, BEMENT & CO., Auctioneers.

FUTURE SALES.

BY HAYES & McNETT.

One Extra Fine Rosewood Piano, 7-octave, nearly new; cost $600. A Large and General Assortment of New and Second-hand Household Furniture, Carpets, Stoves, &c., &c.

AT AUCTION.

ON SATURDAY MORNING, ... at ... o'clock, at our Auction Rooms, ... HAYES & McNETT, Auctioneers.

BY S. P. WHALEY,
Nos. 81 and 83 Fifth street.

The Young America Saloon, Situated on Third st., Between Jefferson and Green Streets. Bar Fixtures, Stock and Lease.

AT AUCTION.

ON MONDAY AFTERNOON, February 24th, 1868, I will sell at public auction ... the stock, lease and fixtures of the saloon known as the Young America, situated on Third street, between Jefferson and Green streets. S. P. WHALEY, Auctioneer.

BY CUTTER, BEMENT & CO.,
No. 75 Third street, bet. Main and Market.

Large Sale of Fancy Goods, Piece Goods, Notions, &c., &c.

AT AUCTION.

To the trade only.

ON SATURDAY MORNING, February 22, at 10 o'clock, ... CUTTER, BEMENT & CO., Auctioneers.

BY CUTTER, BEMENT & CO.,
No. 75 Third street, bet. Main and Market.

The Entire Stock of Shea & O'Connell, consisting of Clothing, Piece Goods, Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, &c.

AT AUCTION.

COMMENCING ON FRIDAY MORNING, Feb. 21, at ... [illegible] ... CUTTER, BEMENT & CO., Auctioneers.

BY C. C. SPENCER.

$40,000

SALE OF

EXCELLENT FURNITURE

AND

FURNISHING GOODS!

The Entire Furniture of the National Hotel, corner of Main and Fourth sts., Louisville, Ky.,
AT AUCTION.

Monday Morning,
February 24, 1868.

COMMENCING at 10 o'clock, and continuing from day to day ... [illegible] ... C. C. SPENCER, Auctioneer.

BY GARTRELL & MOORE.

Auction and Commission Merchants, Salesroom—N. W. Cor. Main and Fourth sts.

ON FRIDAY MORNING.

Household Furniture, Cherry Wardrobes, Bureaus, Marble-top Center-tables, Spring Mattresses, Parlor and Dining-room Chairs, Cherry and Walnut Bedsteads, Mirrors, fine new Carpets, Stoves; also, an Extensive Miscellaneous Stock too large to enumerate.

ON FRIDAY MORNING, Feb. 21, at 9½ o'clock, at salesroom, ... GARTRELL & MOORE, Auctioneers.

BY S. P. WHALEY,
Nos. 81 and 83 Fifth street.

MARKET-STREET PROPERTY,
AT AUCTION.

ON SATURDAY AFTERNOON, Feb. 22, ... [illegible] ... SHERMAN P. WHALEY, Auctioneer.

BY C. C. SPENCER.

Combined Sale of Groceries and Fine Furniture

AT AUCTION.

ON FRIDAY MORNING, February 21, ... [illegible] ... C. C. SPENCER, Auctioneer.

TOBACCO WAREHOUSE.

RAY & CO.
LOUISVILLE TOBACCO WAREHOUSE.

WE have purchased of Phelps, Caldwell & Co. their ... [illegible]

EDUCATIONAL.

LOUISVILLE FEMALE SEMINARY,
NO. 6 CHESTNUT STREET.

THE ... Monday, Sept. 2, 1867 ... [illegible]

AUCTION SALES.

BY ELIAS LEVI.

DAILY Auction sales of horses and mules at Elias Levi's auction and sale stable, corner ... [illegible] ... ELIAS LEVI, Auctioneer.

BY J. D. WRIGHT.

A fine Oak set of Bed-room Furniture, five French Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Wardrobes, Chairs, Tables, Spring and Shuck Mattresses, and a General Assortment of Household Furniture, Carpets, China Dinner Sets, Toilet Sets, and Queensware of all description.

AT AUCTION.

ON SATURDAY MORNING, February 22, ... J. D. WRIGHT, Auctioneer.

BY S. P. WHALEY.
81 and 83 Fifth street.

120 Acres of Land, with Improvements, on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, one-half mile from Goldsmith's Station and one mile from Brooks' Station, known as the Horn-back Place.

AT AUCTION.

ON MONDAY MORNING, March 2, ... [illegible] ... S. P. WHALEY, Auctioneer.

BY S. P. WHALEY.
81 and 83 Fifth street.

Market Street Drug Store and Fixtures

AT AUCTION.

For cash.

ON MONDAY AFTERNOON, February ... [illegible] ... S. P. WHALEY, Auctioneer.

Great Auction Land Sale.

BY WHEAT & ROBINSON ... [illegible]

BY S. P. WHALEY,
81 and 83 Fifth st., bet. Main and Market.

100x200 Feet of Ground, with Modern Improvements Second-street Residences; also, Vacant Lot of 30x 60 feet deep to a 20-foot alley.

AT AUCTION.

ON THURSDAY AFTERNOON, Feb. ... [illegible] ... S. P. WHALEY, Auctioneer.

PUBLIC SALES.

Sheriff's Sale.

I WILL expose to public sale the ... [illegible] ... J. F. KELLER, D. S. for J. W. Davis, S. J. C.

MARSHAL'S SALE.

Wm. Waters, &c. ... vs. ... Anderson ... In Chancery, No. ...

BY VIRTUE of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of them, will, on

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1868,

About the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Auction-rooms of ... [illegible] ... Marshal Louisville Chancery Court.

MARSHAL'S SALE.

Sophia W. Stokes ... against ... Thos. H. Sharpe, &c., In Chancery, No. ...

BY virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of them, will, on

MONDAY, FEB. 24, 1868,

About the hour of ... [illegible] ... Marshal Louisville Chancery Court.

MARSHAL'S SALE.

John ... Hunter's Administrator ... vs. ... In Chancery, No. ...

BY virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of them, will, on

MONDAY, FEB. 24, 1868,

About the hour of ... [illegible] ... Marshal Louisville Chancery Court.

RAILROADS.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE
—AND—
MEMPHIS & LOUISVILLE
RAILROAD LINE.

ON and after FEBRUARY 1, 1868, trains will run as follows: [illegible]

Jeffersonville, Madison, and Indianapolis Railroad.

The Only All Rail Route to the East North and West.

[illegible]

State Democratic Convention.

[illegible]

Louisville, Cincinnati & Lexington RAILROAD.

[illegible]

DAILY COURIER.

FRIDAY MORNING, . . . FEB. 21, 1868.

CITY AND SUBURBS.

LOCAL ODDS AND ENDS.

[illegible]

Requisition for Fonld.

A dispatch was received at Police Headquarters yesterday from Memphis instructing our officers to hold L. B. Fonld, the newspaper impostor ... [illegible]

AMUSEMENTS.

Concert for the Benefit of St. Peter's Episcopal Church, Portland.

We call attention to the advertisement published in another column of this entertainment. The concert comes off this evening in the new Episcopal church, at Portland, under the direction of our young friend J. W. Parsons, which is a guaranty of success.

We hope the house may be filled so as the ... to pay off the indebtedness of the church.

The following is the programme ... [illegible]

THE COURTS.

UNITED STATES COURTS.

HON. BLAND BALLARD, JUDGE.

The court met on yesterday at ... [illegible]

CIRCUIT COURT.

HON. WM. F. JOHNSTON, JUDGE.

[illegible]

LOUISVILLE CITY COURT.

[illegible]

BANKRUPTCY.

[illegible]

APPEAL.

To the Loyal and Humane Citizens of the United States.

While yet our national struggle was undecided, ... [illegible]

NATIONAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Mrs. Lieut. Gen. W. T. Sherman, President.
Mrs. Gen. Robert Anderson, Mrs. Hon. S. P. Chase, Mrs. J. ... Vice Presidents.
Mrs. J. ... Secretary.
George ... Esq. ... Exchange Place, New York, Treasurer.

... of the ... in Louisville will be received by ... J. J. Speed. ...

DAZZLING DAMNATION.

The Splendors and Miseries of Parisian Life.

[From the New York Sun.]

One of those startling exposures of the interior corruption and rottenness of Parisian society, which at intervals shock the moral sense of the whole world, has just been made through the agency of the ... tribunal of the Department of the Seine.

John Schumacher, aged sixty-three years, and his wife, aged fifty-six, bring suit under the provisions of the French code against their daughter Catharine and her husband, a member of one of the oldest noble families of France, and whose full title is James Marie Armand, Count de Guerry, de Beauregard, de Mombreuil and Marquis d'Oryault, for an annual allowance upon which to subsist. Schumacher is by profession a gardener, owning two ... —one ... for winter use and the other ... for summer—and two horses, which he drives alternately. His wife keeps house for him, does the cooking, grooms the horses, and washes the cabs. Both are afflicted with some bodily ailments, Schumacher has had his leg broken twice, and it has never perfectly healed, while his wife suffers from asthma. The daily income from their business being some five or six francs less than their expenses, the poor old couple find themselves rapidly running in debt, and misery and ruin staring them in the face.

Their daughter Catharine, on the other hand, occupies with her husband a dwelling worth eleven thousand francs a year, and sumptuously furnished, keeps four servants, elegant carriages and horses, and has no children depending upon her. It is shown that at the time of her marriage she was possessed, in her own right, of a fortune of over thirteen hundred thousand francs. Here, then, we have aged and infirm parents struggling with poverty, forced to resort to legal proceedings to obtain from their millionaire daughter the pittance necessary to keep them from starving. One would think shame alone would force her to grant it, without awaiting the decision of a court of law.

But this is by no means the worst feature of the case. The question will naturally be asked, How did the daughter acquire such a fortune while her origin was so humble and her parent so poor? The answer, not hinted at, but openly stated in the French newspapers, is, that it was by the sale of her personal charms. Her customers were, like her husband, noblemen, and when they had not money to give, she would obligingly take their promissory notes, which she afterward collected as she had opportunity. Her husband not only knew this when he married her, but, it is said, connived at her continuance of her infamous traffic long after their marriage, and even, sometimes, brought suit in his own name upon the notes which, as heretofore, she took from her paramours instead of cash. So low has this representative of an ancient family fallen.

Americans who visit Paris are often quite ambitious to be admitted into the dazzling circles which their imagination portrays to them as the perfection of social culture. But revelations such as we have been speaking of show what it is that they incur the danger of finding when their wishes are granted. Undoubtedly more than one Catharine Schumacher forms part of the brilliant circles which so captivate and delight unsophisticated foreigners, and it is quite evident that high birth and an ancient name are by no means to be taken as an assurance of genuine nobility of character.

A Wonderful Story—A Snake Crawls into an Infant's Stomach.

The Bucyrus (O.) Journal states that during the great snow a lad near that place went out to a potato mound to get potatoes; after clearing away the snow, and breaking into the mound, he found a kind of nest in the straw, in which was a compact ball of what he took to be a large ball of string such as our wool men use. He brought this in with the potatoes, and laid it on the baby's cradle near the stove. His mother just then sent him off to a neighbor and continued about her work. He was gone an hour, and when he returned, upon looking for his ball, he found it had resolved itself into a pile of squirming snakes, many of which were seeking the warmth of the infant's body, and one had actually entered its mouth. A cry of alarm from the boy attracted the attention of the mother toward the cradle, and, seeing the child, sought to extricate the reptile, but she was too late, and it actually drew itself within the baby's mouth and down its throat. Dr. Ingraham was sent for, but he recognized the snake as being the common "serpens neptus," and therefore perfectly harmless. He declined worrying the baby with medicine, and the child seems unhurt by the singular accident. The mother declares, however, that its appetite is much increased, and that in its sleep it frequently hisses loudly. We believe this is imagination, as that species of serpent or snake does not hiss.

Meteoric Showers.

Observations made at the National Observatory in Washington, give some curious information in regard to the shower of meteors, which occurred in November last. The brighter meteors appeared at a height of seventy-five miles above the earth, and were extinguished at a height of fifty-five miles. The average length of their path was twenty-two miles. During the thickest of the shower they were counted at the rate of three thousand per hour. Their velocity was forty-four miles per second. The thickness of the stream from north to south was sixty thousand miles, and it is estimated that there were forty thousand meteors to a lineal mile, or one meteor to every nine hundred thousand cubic miles of space. Professor Newcomb is of the opinion that Tuttle's comet of 1866, which these November meteors follow, is simply an agglomeration of meteoroids, with sufficient density to be visible in the solar rays; and he thinks that the same is true of all the other telescopic comets.

During the cold weather in St. Paul frost gathered on the window panes three-quarters of an inch thick. At the same date peach trees were in bloom in Florida.

Mark Twain on General Washington's Negro Servant.

The stirring part of this celebrated colored man's life properly began with his death—that is to say, the notable features of his biography begin with the first time he died. He had been little heard of up to that time, but since then we have never ceased to hear of him at stated unfailing intervals. His was a most remarkable career, and I have thought that his history would make a valuable addition to our biographical literature. Therefore, I have carefully collated the materials for such a work, from authentic sources, and here present them to the public. I have rigidly excluded from these pages everything of a doubtful character, with the object in view of introducing my work into the schools for the instruction of the youth of my country.

The name of the famous body-servant of General Washington was George. After serving his illustrious master faithfully for a half century, and enjoying throughout this long term his high regard and confidence, it became his sorrowful duty, at last, to lay that beloved master to rest in his peaceful grave by the Potomac. Ten years afterward, in 1809, full of years and honors, he died himself, mourned by all that knew him. The Boston Gazette of that date thus refers to the event:

"George, the favorite body-servant of the lamented Washington, died in Richmond, Va., Tuesday, at the ripe age of ninety-five years. His intellect was unimpaired, and his memory tenacious, up to within a few minutes of his decease. He was present at the second installation of Washington as President, and also at his funeral, and distinctly remembered all the prominent incidents connected with those noted events."

From this period we hear no more of the favorite body-servant of General Washington until May, 1825, at which time he died again. A Philadelphia paper thus speaks of the sad occurrence:

"At Macon, Georgia, last week, a colored man named George, who was the favorite body-servant of General Washington, died, at the advanced age of ninety-five years. Up to within a few hours of his dissolution he was in full possession of all his faculties, and could distinctly recollect the second installation of Washington, his death and burial, the surrender of Cornwallis, the battle of Trenton, the griefs and hardships of Valley Forge, &c. Deceased was followed to the grave by the entire population of Macon."

On the Fourth of July, 1830, and also of 1834 and 1836, the subject of this sketch was exhibited in great state upon the rostrum of the orator of the day, and in November of 1840, he died again. The St. Louis Republican of the 25th of that month, spoke as follows:

"ANOTHER RELIC OF THE REVOLUTION GONE.—George, once the favorite body-servant of General Washington, died yesterday, at the house of Mr. John Leavenworth, in this city, at the venerable age of ninety-five years. He was in the full possession of all his faculties up to the hour of his death, and distinctly recollected the first and second installations and death of President Washington, the surrender of Cornwallis, the battles of Trenton and Monmouth, the sufferings of the patriot army at Valley Forge, the proclamation of the Declaration of Independence, the speech of Patrick Henry in the Virginia House of Delegates, and many other old-time reminiscences of stirring interest. Few white men die lamented as was this aged negro. The funeral was very largely attended."

During the next ten or eleven years the subject of this sketch appeared at intervals at Fourth of July celebrations in various parts of the country, and was exhibited upon the rostrum with flattering success. But in the fall of 1855 he died again. The California papers thus speak of the event:

"ANOTHER OLD HERO GONE.—Died, at Dutch Flat, on the 7th of March, George, once the confidential body-servant of General Washington, at the age of ninety-five years. His memory, which did not fail him to the last, was a wonderful store-house of interesting reminiscences. He could distinctly recollect the first and second installations and death of President Washington, the surrender of Cornwallis, the battles of Trenton and Monmouth, and Bunker Hill, the proclamation of the Declaration of Independence, and Braddock's defeat. George was greatly respected in Dutch Flat, and it is estimated that there were ten thousand people present at his funeral."

The last time the subject of this sketch died, was in June, 1864; and until we learn the contrary, it is just to presume that he died permanently this time. The Michigan papers thus refer to the sorrowful event:

ANOTHER CHERISHED REMNANT OF THE REVOLUTION GONE.

"George, a colored man, and once the favorite body-servant of General Washington, died in Detroit last week at the patriarchal age of ninety-five years. To the moment of his death his intellect was unclouded, and he could distinctly remember the first and second installations and death of Washington, the surrender of Cornwallis, the battles of Trenton and Monmouth, and Bunker Hill, the proclamation of the Declaration of Independence, Braddock's defeat, the throwing over of the tea in Boston harbor, and the landing of the Pilgrims. He died greatly respected and was followed to the grave by a vast concourse of people."

The faithful old servant is gone! We shall never see him more until he turns up again. He has closed his long and splendid career of dissolution, for the present, and sleeps peacefully, as only they sleep who have earned their rest. He was in all respects a remarkable man. He held his age better than any celebrity that has figured in history, and the longer he lived the stronger and longer his memory grew. If he lives to die again, he will distinctly recollect the discovery of America.

P. S.—I see by the papers that the infamous old fraud has just died again in Arkansas. This makes six times that he is known to have died, and always in a new place. The death of Washington's body-servant has ceased to be a novelty; its charm is gone; the people are tired of it; let it cease. The well-meaning, but misguided, negro has now put six different communities to the expense of burying him in state, and has swindled tens of thousands of people into following him to the grave, under the delusion that a select and peculiar distinction was being conferred upon them. Let him stay buried for good, now, and let that newspaper suffer the severest censure that shall ever, in all future time, publish to the world that General Washington's favorite body servant has died again.

IRISH NATIONALITY.

A Significant Movement—The Fenian Army to be Mobilized.

[From the Chicago Times, Feb. 1.]

A large meeting of the Fenians of the Chicago district was held on yesterday in Fenian hall, for the purpose of taking into consideration the present relations of England and Ireland, and for the devising of means to efficiently carry on the Irish national movement. The brotherhood in this country has been unusually active of late, and, incited by the movements of the organization in the old country, are nursing their resources for the purpose of lending an effective and thorough aid in the great movement which soon threatens to be inaugurated. The meeting yesterday was the result of this active sympathy existing in Chicago, and, as a manifestation of its strength, must be accepted as evidence that in Chicago the Irish national movement still commands the same support that it did before the invasion of Canada.

An irrepressible enthusiasm and marked approbation of patriotic utterances characterized the assemblage yesterday, and in the proceedings they found suitable expression. The speakers impressed upon their hearers the necessity of prompt and vigorous action, and it was determined, by a unanimous vote that the mobilization of the Western Fenian army was an immediate necessity. Calls were made to fill up the vacant ranks, and, in response, hundreds signed the regimental muster-rolls. The organization here was never so perfect in details, material and pecuniary, as at present, and the demonstration of yesterday possesses a meaning significance.

After telling addresses were delivered by prominent members of the brotherhood, the meeting adjourned to meet again at an early day.

HAWTHORNE is very popular in France. Two Paris daily papers and one magazine are publishing translations of some of his stories.

THE Paris Courts have decided that a married lady cannot appear on the stage without the consent of her husband, even if he does nothing for her support.

COLSTON & MOORE,

Auctioneers, Commission Merchants, and Real Estate Agents,

No. 78 Main St., opp. B'k of Kentucky

[illegible]

DELMONICO CHAMPAGNE.

W ... [illegible] ... States of Kentucky and Tennessee,

[illegible]

THOMPSON & CO.,
... Blue House, No. 79 Fourth St.,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

River Intelligence.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

Cincinnati	UNITED STATES	1 p. m.
New Orleans	BELLE LEE	5 p. m.
Henderson	TARASCON	4 p. m.
Kentucky R.	...	12 m.
Pittsburg	KATE ROBINSON	5 p. m.

ARRIVALS—February 20.

America, Cincinnati. Darling, Cincinnati. ... Emma No. 3, Cincinnati. ... Dove No. 2, Madison. ... Memphis, Cincinnati.

DEPARTURES—February 20.

America, Cincinnati. Indiana, New Orleans. ... Cory S., Memphis. ... Dove No. 2, Madison. ... Wren, Kentucky river. ... Nashville.

BOATS IN PORT.

Belle Lee, Portland. Tarascon, Portland. United States, ... wharf. Bermuda, city wharf. Newport, ... Maj. Anderson, ... wharf.

[Special Dispatch to the Louisville Courier.]

PITTSBURG, Feb. 20—P. M.

Weather continues warm for the season.

Moderate shipments of Pittsburg manufactures.

Arrived—Packets.

Departed—America and McCullough.

[Special Dispatch to the Louisville Courier.]

FRANKFORT, Feb. 20.

No change in the river—6 feet by pier mark.

No arrivals or departures. The Wren expected Friday evening from Louisville.

Weather continues pleasant.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 20.

River ... It rose a few inches ... but now falling. Weather clear and mild.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 20.

The river has fallen 18 inches. Now 17 feet 3 inches water in the channel. Weather cloudy. Thermometer 46.

The river was falling slowly yesterday, with about ... feet water in the canal in the evening by the mark, and ... feet water on the falls in the pass, down the Indian chute. The weather was moderating and cloudy, with the thermometer ranging as high as 50, and the barometer indicating rain. The winter is about over, and we can hope for an early spring.

The river at Cincinnati was steadily falling yesterday, and ice from the upper waters had made its appearance, though not very abundant. The Peerless for the Arkansas and the Leonidas for New Orleans, left Cincinnati yesterday. The mail boat did not arrive until noon on account of fog.

The weather continues mild and pleasant from the Alleghenies to Cairo, St. Louis, Nashville, and New Orleans, while the Ohio river is falling from Pittsburg to Paducah. The Mississippi being open to St. Louis, a fleet of steamers left there for that point Wednesday, and another fleet starts to-day. They have been ice-bound at Cairo thirty and forty days.

The Bertha, from Cincinnati to Arkansas river, burst her mud valve, in the hold, at Memphis, damaging a portion of her cargo. She entered protest.

The Spencer House, at Cincinnati, has changed landlords, Col. Pratt retiring, and Capt. Drown going in.

The Norman, as we learn by dispatch to Messrs. Varble & May, reshipped her White river freight at Memphis, and is returning from the latter point. The upper White river was too low to go through and she reshipped on the Commercial.

Quite a heavy fog prevailed on the Ohio yesterday morning above Madison.

The new clipper Frank Pargoud, hence for New Orleans, is progressing finely. She left this port at 3 p. m. Wednesday, and was some time at New Albany, where she received a lot of 400 barrels of potatoes and other freight, leaving that port in the night, and was met below Derby by the Belle Lee at 8 a. m. the next morning. That was some 95 to 100 miles down the river. She expects to reach Memphis on Saturday.

The Kate Robinson, New York, and J. W. Garrett and two barges were overdue from upper ports last evening, being probably detained by fog. The latter has 5,000 sacks of corn engaged at Evansville.

The Palestine cleared for Nashville last evening with a full freight, including a large amount of Government freight.

The Cornie, for Memphis, departed with a full trip.

The Empire, in the same line, has been retired for awhile.

To be LAUNCHED.—We learn that preparations were being made last evening to launch the steamer Blue Wing No. 3, which has been aground on a flat bar just below the foot of Twelve-mile island.

Thanks to the attentive officers of the new favorite, Belle Lee, from New Orleans, for a manifest of cargo and a river memorandum. She had ... freight, made 64 way landings, and came up in 6½ days.

The Belle Lee, in charge of the gallant Capt. A. McGill, takes her departure to New Orleans tomorrow (Saturday) evening without fail, and will take all the freight offering in the meantime. She is the Louisville packet and Capt. McGill is ready and able to take all that offers. She is at Portland.

The Wren yesterday departed for the upper waters of the Kentucky with a fine freight.

The Dean No. 4 departed for Kentucky river yesterday, having among her freight engagements 300 sacks of corn for the Frostonville distillery.

The little Zanesville is due, bound for the Wabash.

The Cincinnati Commercial of yesterday has the following:

The Nick Roy and Goldfinch left for Evansville. The Memphis also departed for Evansville, where she loads 7,000 bags of corn for Pickens ... at forty cents per bag. The Darling left for Memphis with a full cargo and light trip of people. The Emma No. 3 left for New Orleans with all she could carry, including way engagements. The Mollie's engagements include 6,300 sacks of corn which is shipped by Montcalm & Levi, the agents of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad.

The Leonora No. 2 has been permanently laid up at Cincinnati.

Advices from St. Louis yesterday report mild weather and the river rising. The sidewheeler Glasgow loads with flour at Alton for New Orleans. The Upper Mississippi has risen considerably. At Davenport there is two feet water on the ice. The Ottawa river and Illinois tributaries are in full flow. Early navigation above is anticipated. The Jennie Lewis is announced to leave soon for the Missouri on Saturday.

The Tacony, accidentally sunk in the Tennessee river on Colbert shoals, has been raised, and has been taken to Paducah and there hauled out on the ways.

The low pressure Richmond, hence for New Orleans, went out of the Ohio with the following list of freight, ... of which we are indebted to Mr. Lodge, the freight clerk, who forwarded it from Memphis: Corn, 19,... sacks; pork, 697 barrels; bacon, 73 casks; lard, 32 tierces and 800 kegs; flour, 500 barrels; eggs, 35 barrels; machinery, 30 packages; mules, 63 head; quartermasters' stores, ... packages; poultry, 140 coops; and 378 packages of sundries, summing up a total of 1,497 tons.

Some one in the last number of the 'Belle Lee Journal' says:

... Twelve bridal chambers on the Belle Lee, and only four of them occupied by bridal parties. That is too bad, ladies. This is leap year, ... [illegible]

The Louisville, hence for New Orleans, passed Cairo with a slim trip.

The Antelope, at St. Louis, has been rebuilt for the Missouri river.

Captain J. Ed. Montgomery, long and favorably known in steamboat circles from the Ohio to the Balize, has entered into the wharfboat and steamboat agency business at Memphis.

The Memphis Avalanche, of Tuesday, says the officers of the Belle Lee report a shooting scrape at Gaines', as she was making the landing on Friday morning. A planter who had lost considerable corn from his crib, laid in watch for the marauders, and caught five men in the act of carrying away a large supply. The planter checked their operations by shooting three of the party, the remainder beating a hasty retreat.

The Tarascon is the regular mail line packet this evening for Evansville and Henderson, starting from Portland.

The Evansville Journal of yesterday has the following:

The steamer Horace, a powerful towboat, with sixteen empty barges in tow, came up last evening, and took coal after which she proceeded up the river. ... [illegible]

MEMORANDA.—The steamer Belle Lee left New Orleans Thursday, February 13th. In port the Louisville, St. Charles passed Southerner first ... 15th met Laurel Hill at Paris Cut Off, 16th met Legal Tender at White river; passed Virginia below Helena, met Nicholas Longworth at Hardman ... met Richmond at foot of Island No. 34; ... met F. W. ... at Island No. 10, 18th met Louisville at Mound City; met Darling at Caledonia, 20th met Frank Pargoud at Derby at 12 o'clock, A. M., made sixty two landings.

COAL.

COAL. COAL. COAL.

Removal!

BOWNER & MURPHY have removed their Coal Office to

No. 120 west side of Third street, one door from Jefferson street,

where they are prepared to fill all orders with the very best quality of coal at the lowest cash prices. Satisfaction guaranteed in every case.

R. RITTER. R. SAMPLE.

RITTER & SAMPLE,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Pittsburg Coal.
Office—Market Street, No. 63, Bet. Second and Third, N. S., and Preston St., No. 130, near Market, LOUISVILLE, KY.
All orders promptly attended to at the west market ...

W. L. MURPHY & CO.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Pittsburg and Other Coal
For Parlor, Cooking, and Steam Use.
Office, East side of Third St., near Main
LOUISVILLE, KY.

MASON & SMITH
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
COAL!
No. 125 THIRD Street,
East side, between Jefferson and Green.
Particular attention given to orders by rail or water.

STANCLIFF & CO.,
ARCHITECTS,
No. 9 Hamilton & Bro.'s Building,
CORNER MAIN AN...

AMUSEMENTS.

Louisville Theater
EDWIN FORREST,
Monday, Feb. 24, 1868.
Box office now open.

Louisville Theater
BENEFIT OF MISS EMMA PEARL.

ON FRIDAY EVENING, February 21, the drama of ATALA, OR THE MORMON PEARL. Ayala ... Miss Emma Pearl. Pepe ... Mr. Albert A. Wyatt. Monday first night of EDWIN FORREST.

CONCERT
For the Benefit of
St. Peter's Episcopal Church,
PORTLAND, KY.
Friday Evening, February 21, 1868,
UNDER the direction of J. W. PARSONS. Concert ...

BENEFIT OF CALVARY CHURCH.

Lecture by Rev. W. H. Platt, Monday Evening, Feb. 24. Subject—"Richelieu."

Lecture by Rev. W. H. Platt, Tuesday Evening, Feb. 25. Subject—"Ancestry."

ALL of the above entertainments will be given at the church, corner of Third and ... streets. Tickets can be procured during the week at the principal bookstores and music stores, and at the door on either of the evenings above named.

Tickets, 50 cents each.

WEISIGER HALL.
The Wonderful
Hernandez Troupe!
—OF—
SOUTHERN ORPHAN CHILDREN,
COMMENCING ON
Thursday Evening, Feb. 20, 1868.
For a limited number of nights.

BOWLING GREEN SPRING RACES
OVER THE LOCUST COURSE,
Will commence
Tuesday, June 16th, 1868,
And Continue Four Days.

A sweepstake for 3 year old colts and fillies that never won a race, $50 entrance, play or pay, with $150 added by the Association. Mile heats, to name and close 1st of April, 3 or more to fill.

A sweepstake for 4 year olds, two mile heats, $50 entrance, play or pay, with $250 added by the Association, to close 1st of April, 3 or more to fill.

The purses will be liberal and made known in due time.

All communications to be addressed to JOHN ALCOCK & CO., Bowling Green, Ky.

BALLARD HOUSE AND VARIETIES
Restaurant and Bar

KEEP OPEN day and night, ... with the best of liquors and cigars, the restaurant with the best the market affords. Lunch every day at 11 a. m.

THE VARIETY SHOW

Opens at 7 p. m.; performance commences at 8, with the female minstrels complete. Best of order kept.

STEAMBOATS.

For Wheeling and Pittsburg.
KATE ROBINSON ... ROBINSON, Master,
Leaves as above on This Day, the 21st inst., at 5 o'clock P. M.
MOORHEAD & CO., Agents.

For Vicksburg and New Orleans.

The Belle Lee
A. MCGILL ... Master.
ADOLPH MARTIN ... Clerk.
Will leave as above on Saturday, February 22, at 5 p. m.
T. M. ERWIN & CO., Agents.
MOORHEAD & CO., Agents.

For Memphis and White River.
TEMPEST ... SCHULTZ, Master,
Leaves as above on Saturday, the 22d inst., at 5 o'clock p. m.
MOORHEAD & CO., Agents.

For Cairo, Memphis, and New Orleans.
BELLE LEE ... A. McGILL, Master,
Leaves as above on Saturday, the 22d inst., at 5 o'clock p. m.
MONTCALM & LEVI, Agents.

For Arkansas River.
PEERLESS ... SAM HUSTON, Master,
Leaves as above on This Day the 21st inst., at 11 a. m.
MONTCALM & LEVI, Agents.

For St. Louis.
SHAMROCK ... CULLUM, Master,
Leaves as above on Saturday, the 22d inst., at 12 o'clock m.
MONTCALM & LEVI, Agents.

For Wheeling and Pittsburg.
NEW YORK ... RICHMOND, Master,
Leaves as above on Saturday, the 22d, at 5 p. m.
MONTCALM & LEVI, Agents.

For Cairo, Memphis, Vicksburg and New Orleans.
BELLE LEE ... A. McGILL, Master,
Leaves as above on Saturday, the 22d, at 5 p. m.
JUDGE & FORREE, Agents.

For Tennessee River.
BERMUDA ... MILT AIKEN, Master,
Leaves as above on Saturday, the 22d inst., at 5 p. m., from city wharf.
T. M. ERWIN & CO., Agents.

For Cairo, Memphis, and New Orleans.
VIRGINIA ... B. A. OGLESBY, Master,
Leaves as above on Saturday, the 22d inst., at 5 o'clock p. m.
MOORHEAD & CO., Agents.

For Cairo, Memphis, Vicksburg, and New Orleans.
VIRGINIA ... B. A. OGLESBY, Master,
Leaves as above on Saturday, the 22d inst., at 5 o'clock p. m.
JUDGE & FORREE, Agents.

For Pittsburg.
NEW YORK ... RICHARDSON, Master,
Leaves as above on Friday, the 21st inst., at 5 p. m., from city wharf.
MONTCALM & LEVI, Agents.

For Eastport and Florence.
BERMUDA ... M. AIKEN, Master,
Leaves as above on Saturday, the 22d inst., at 5 p. m., from city wharf.
MONTCALM & LEVI, Agents.

For Memphis and White River.
TEMPEST ... SCHULTZ, Master,
Leaves as above on Saturday, the 22d inst., at 5 p. m., from city wharf.
JUDGE & FORREE, Agents.

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JUDGE & FORREE, Agents.

For Cairo, Memphis, and White River.
TEMPEST ... SCHULTZ, Master,
Leaves as above on Saturday, the 22d inst., at 5 p. m., from city wharf.
MONTCALM & LEVI, Agents.

REGULAR PACKET
—FOR—
Utica, Westport, Bethlehem, Bartlett's, Madison, Carrollton and Lock No. 1, Kentucky River.

STEAMER DOVE, NO. 2.
REUB. B. LUCAS ... Master.
THOS. A. DARLING ... Clerk.

LEAVES LOUISVILLE EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY at 1 p. m. Leaves CARROLLTON for Louisville every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY at 4 a. m. For freight or passage apply on board or to JUDGE & FORREE, Agents.

Louisville and Green River Packet Company's Splendid Steamer

FALLS CITY,
W. S. VANMETER, Master. E. B. SEELEY, Clerk.
Leaves Louisville every Wednesday at 12 m. Leaves Bowling Green every Saturday at 10 a. m.
R. C. MURRELL, Prest. Co.

FOR CINCINNATI.
OLD RELIABLE
U. S. MAIL LINE STEAMERS.

FARE $4 50, including meals and state-room—one dollar less than by railroad. One of the new and splendid double-decked passenger steamers
AMERICA ... D. WHITTEN, Master,
UNITED STATES ... FRANK CARTER, Master,
Will leave daily at 1 o'clock p. m., making sure connections at Cincinnati with all the early morning trains for the Eastern cities. The boats of this line to accommodate all classes of the East or West. Tickets for sale and baggage checked on board steamers for all points East. The above boats leave from the company's Wharfboat, foot of Third street.
JOE CAMPION, Agent.

Regular Kentucky River Packet.

STEAMER WREN.
SAM. SANDERS, Master, ... G. M. WOODS, Clerk.
Will leave Louisville for Frankfort every Wednesday at 1 o'clock p. m. Leaves Louisville every Saturday for ... and ... Ferry at 3 o'clock p. m. For freight and passage apply to JUDGE & FORREE, Agents.
No. 14 Fourth st., bet. Main and River.

DENTISTRY.

J. F. CANINE,
DENTIST,
No. 170 FIFTH STREET, between Green and Walnut, west side, Louisville, Ky. Teeth extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas.

COLTON
DENTAL ASSOCIATION
ORIGINATED the use of the NITROUS OXIDE GAS for extracting teeth without pain.
Office 131 Fifth street, ... operations in dentistry—surgical, operative and mechanical—... performed. Charges moderate.
E. M. GILDEA, D. D. S.

H. WOODS FERGUSON. W. P. B.

JEFFERSON SAW-MILLS,
On River, bet. Wenzel and Cabell,
H. WOODS FERGUSON & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN ALL kinds of Sash, Circular and Gang sawed, Poplar and Ash Building Lumber. Also, manufacturers of all kinds of Poplar, Cherry, Walnut, Oak and Maple Lumber for Furniture, Weatherboarding, Shingles, Bed-slats, Pickets, Table Legs, Chair Rounds, Bed Rails, Bench Backs, Broom Handles, Box Boards, &c. We have great facilities for sawing BRIDGE TIMBER, RAILWAY TIES and STRINGERS, for which orders are solicited. H. WOODS FERGUSON & CO.

Hill's Gold Pen
No. 133 Fourth street, opposite Central Market, Louisville, Ky. Gold Pens repointed for 50c. Pen Points ... Address R. C. HILL & CO.

Stencil Brands Cut to Order

DAILY COURIER.

FRIDAY MORNING, - - - FEB. 21, 1868.

BRAYFOGLE, JR., ON THE WING.

His First Letter to the Memphis Appeal.

How "Bray" Roped the Boys of Louisville.

We have already given the particulars of the arrest of one L. B. Fould, at the Louisville Hotel, on a dispatch received at this office from Memphis. Mr. Fould, who writes under the nom de plume of "Brayfogle, Jr." arrived in our city in the early part of the week. Being a young man of good address and [illegible] appearance, he soon struck up a circle of acquaintances, who tendered to him the freedom of the city. It being understood that he was the "special correspondent of the Memphis Appeal," he was duly presented to the editorial fraternity of Louisville, to each of whom he handed his card. "Bray" (as we will call him for short) twisted his cane, and looked through his gold spectacles the very embodiment of literary wisdom. "Like the rest of us newspaper chaps," as he was pleased to term it, "Bray" was not the slightest degree averse to taking a drink when invited. It through thoughtlessness, perhaps, the idea of reciprocating never once occurred to him during his brief but eventful career [illegible]. This, however, was a small matter and [illegible] the "good fellows" who had the distinguished honor of introducing Mr. [illegible] about town.

It being [illegible] "on the wing" for Chicago, he was [illegible] with due ceremony to the [illegible] who was so impressed with [illegible] that one of them avowed himself of the honor of presenting the talented correspondent with a "D. H." ticket to Chicago. It must be borne in mind by our readers that Mr. Brayfogle and Horace Greeley were both stopping at the Louisville Hotel, and as a matter of course, these two distinguished journalists were introduced. Bray and Horace paced up and down the floor of the front office after dinner, arm in arm, puffing their fragrant Havanas and discussing the great questions of the day. The guests were very much perplexed to know which was Horace and which was "Bray." In the general guessing "Bray" had the call on Horace, and was pointed out as the great philosopher of the Tribune. They became quite attached to each other, and "Bray" took occasion to introduce his friend Horace to the Louisville boys, who appreciated the compliment. This of course elevated "Bray" several pegs higher in the estimation of his friends, and as poor Artemus Ward would say, "they would have loaned him money on the spot." The calls at the office of the hotel for Mr. Brayfogle, Jr., were altogether too numerous to mention. The darkies were kept in perpetual motion between "Bray's" room and the desk carrying cards. As "Bray" [illegible] the Appeal, [illegible] and the balance of the crowd were all right. "Bray" [illegible] attention from the [illegible].

On the night previous to the departure of Mr. Brayfogle, Jr., for Chicago, quite a delegation called upon him, and he was toasted in various and sundry bumpers chiefly at the expense of his "young and gallant friend—nature's nobleman." With many fond adieus, they parted, and the bedizened Bray retired to his virtuous couch, and lay down to pleasant dreams. At about half past 11 o'clock a representative of the city called at his room and insisted upon Bray's accepting the hospitalities of the city. He was shown to the "purple room" of Castle Thomas, where he awaits a requisition from the "[illegible]" Governor of Tennessee. The following from the Memphis Appeal is the key to the foregoing:

A SWINDLER ON THE WING—STOP HIM.—We were very much astonished to learn from a gentleman who had just arrived from Louisville, that a [illegible] and correspondent of the Appeal was partaking of, and doubtless enjoying, the hospitalities of the Louisville Hotel. Soon after two hotel envelopes were received from Louisville, one containing two blank half sheets of letter paper, and the other the following note:

"LOUISVILLE, Feb. 15, 1868.

"Editors Memphis Appeal:

"I am on the wing. Good time getting here by way of Nashville. Met our young and gallant friend, C. T. Goggin, one of nature's noblemen. Mummy and the balance of the crowd at the Louisville are all right. You will hear from me when I reach Chicago. Yours,

BRAYFOGLE, JR."

Before the time of the reception of L. B. Fould, No such individual, or any other, is licensed to travel on the character of the Appeal. We shall announce any correspondent whom we may authorize to act in that capacity, should we ever conclude to appoint one, and regret exceedingly that a scamp should have imposed upon any of our friends in the character of our correspondent. He left this city in very bad odor having been charged with robbing a safe, and he fled to bail in the sum of $5,00, which he is likely to forfeit. If his sureties are not on the alert, he will leave them in the lurch, as there can be little expectation of his returning here to answer the pending charge.

The McCreery Banquet.

In order to give the readers of the COURIER an idea of the proceedings at Frankfort last night, we publish the following programme of the banquet:

HON. T. C. McCREERY.

CAPITAL HOTEL,

Thursday Evening, 9 o'clock.

FEBRUARY 19, 1868.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.

Nervin Green, Ch'n.	Ro. T. Glass
J. A. Spalding	George Hamilton
James F. Caldwell	William Lindsey
Hart Gibson	R. W. Bush
J. C. Phister	A. L. Martin
Lyttleton Cooke.	

COMMITTEE ON INVITATION.

J. A. Spalding	George Hamilton
James F. Caldwell	John W. Bush

CLOSE COMMITTEE.

Hart Gibson	Ro. T. Glass
J. L. Caldwell	Geo. Hamilton
Wm. Lindsey	G. A. C. Holt

COMMITTEE ON TOASTS.

R. T. Glass	Hart Gibson
J. C. Phister	W. W. Bush
Nervin Green.	

PROGRAMME.

1. Universal Amnesty, the only road to complete restoration—Frank Wolford.
2. The President of the United States—Capt. R. A. Graves.
3. To the Governor of Kentucky. We look to his wisdom and firmness as the staff of reliance for republican principles, and to assert their truth and power—John W. Stevenson.
4. To our distinguished host, the Senator elect from Kentucky. May he pursue faithfully and successfully the pathway of statesmanship he long ago marked out for himself and an admiring constituency—T. C. McCreery.

All responses to the following toasts will be limited to five minutes time:

5. The Constitution—J. D. Bright.
6. The Reserved Rights of the States—R. H. Stanton.
7. The Liberties of the People—W. B. Read.
8. Our retiring Senator, James Guthrie. History will record and Kentucky will gratefully remember his distinguished services—Boyd Winchester.
9. Our able and faithful Senator and Representatives in the Congress of the United States—H. T. Lytle.
10. Kentucky and her Fair Daughters. We love and serve both the one and the other—J. T. Bunch.
11. The right of Representation—Oscar Turner.
12. The Judiciary. It should be our [illegible] taught, be independent and the [illegible] of Liberty—E. F. Phister.
13. The Democratic Party. Its purpose—the immediate and unconditional Restoration of the Union and the re-establishment of the Supremacy of the Constitution—John G. Carlisle.
14. The Past and the Present—Jacob [illegible].
15. "First Jew [illegible]—[illegible].
16. Education—R. J. Baker.
17. Mineral Wealth of Kentucky—John M. [illegible].
18. The Culinary Department—*Fry Lawrence.*
19. The Press—B. J. M. Mayer.
20. "Ken many a Motto"—William Johnson.
21. A "Bird" in the hand is worth two in the "Bush." Is the adage accepted as a verity?—W. W. Bush and Robert Bird.
22. Stationers—A. Dudley.
23. The Loom and the Spinning Wheel—William Lindsey.
24. Frankfort and its Associations—B. Magoffin.
25. Naturalized Citizens—J. D. Landrum.
26. The "last Holt" is said to be the best "Holt"—G. A. C. *Holt.*
27. Agricultural Interests—Messrs. *Field, Hay Reed and Parks.*
28. Mechanical Interests—*Turner* and the *Smiths.*
29. The Representative Colored Members of the Legislature—*White, Green, Blue* and *Brown.*
30. William Reynard (without his Wig), alias Long Scalp Bill—John Denton.
31. The bear and its father—John R. Bruner.
32. The American Fur Company—J. T. Martin. Senator from Harrison.
33. Flowers blooming on the banks of the murmuring streams—*Lilly* and *Brooke.*
34. Then fill the bowl with flowers of soul. The brightest earth can find us—O. T. *Burke.*
35. The rear guard—J. R. *Hindman.*
36. "One swallow does not make a Summer," but when the *Martins* come, Winter has gone—J. T., A. L., B. C., and M. D. Martin, or either of them.
37. *Peter* the Great—Responded to by the man who feels himself *Abel.*
38. The Horrors of Thirst—G. W. *Dry.*

Theater—Benefit of Miss Emma Pearl—Edwin Forrest.

There was a large attendance at the Theater last night and the drama of the Flower of the Forest was received with a great deal of favor and much enthusiastic applause. To-night, the last night but one of the engagement, Miss Emma Pearl takes a benefit, and announces a new sensation drama entitled Ayala, or The Pearl of the Morocco. This is said to be the best piece in the repertory of this young lady, and we trust will draw her a substantial benefit.

Mr. Edwin Forrest's engagement promises to be the most brilliant of the season. The seats are going off rapidly, and we shall undoubtedly see, on the opening night, the house crowded. There is a greater desire to see this famous actor than has been exhibited previous to the advent of any celebrity that has yet visited Louisville.

Death of Dr. W. G. Willett.

We were pained to hear yesterday of the death of Dr. W. G. Willett, of Lagrange, Oldham county. He was well known as a man to his own section but throughout the State, and his genial disposition and [illegible] hospitality [illegible] him the regard and esteem and love of a very large circle of friends. He was an old line Democrat, and always took a deep interest in political affairs. Dr. W. had just attained his three score and ten years, and, having always led an active and useful life, his death will create a vacancy in the community among whom he moved which will not be easily [illegible].

☞ The weather during the past week has been favorable to the [illegible] of [illegible] and [illegible].

Funeral of Father Joyce.

The funeral of Father Joyce yesterday was a very impressive and imposing affair. As the solemn cortege entered the cemetery upwards of one thousand persons were waiting to pay their last respects and drop a tear to the memory of the dear departed. All the priests of the city were in attendance. A solemn and touching requiem was sung as the remains were being lowered to their last resting place.

Father Joyce was born about the year 1813 and was about fifty-five years of age. He was ordained as a priest in 1842, and has officiated as [illegible]. He was an exemplary man of [illegible], and particularly noted for his untiring labor in behalf of the poor. He was ever ready to go forth on a mission of mercy, be the night ever so dark and dreary. In his loss the church is bereft of a great advocate and the poor a dear friend. *Requiescat in pace.*

Called Meeting of the General Council.

Pursuant to a call from his Honor, the Mayor, both Boards of the General Council met last night for the purpose of taking [illegible] the project of erecting public buildings for the use of the city.

There being no quorum in the lower Board they adjourned, after a [illegible] [illegible].

[illegible]

DESPERATE STABBING AFFRAY.—A serious difficulty occurred at about half past eleven o'clock on Wednesday night on Main street between Fourth and Fifth, between one [illegible] and John Beales, pilots on the river. We are informed that the difficulty originated over an old feud. Both parties drew knives and cut each other in different places. It is said that one of the wounds of Beales is quite serious. No policemen were about, or if they were, they failed to either avert the difficulty or arrest the parties.

CALVARY CHURCH.—The concert last night was attended by a select audience, and the programme throughout was admirably rendered. We regret that the crowded condition of our columns precludes an elaborate notice. We trust that it will be repeated at an early day.

THE RIGHT SORTER IN THE RIGHT PLACE.—[illegible] the sanctum of the "local" last night from the last issue of the [illegible]. We turned our associate from the other room to participate, which [illegible] a few [illegible] on their unconstitutional head.

Col. J. D. McCreery and the National Convention.

To the Editors of the Louisville Courier:

In the approaching National Democratic Convention, Kentucky should be felt. There is among the [illegible] of no other State a clearer apprehension of the causes of our National distress or a keener insight into the remedy which should be applied. No other State has interests so vitally involved in the result of the Presidential campaign. Should the Radicals succeed they would fail to rule the Northern Democrats and are running to [illegible]. But Kentucky would be desolated by tyranny and anarchy, and the North [illegible] return [illegible] of their property and liberty.

[illegible] that in that convention the Kentucky delegation will represent the interests and views not of one State only. To them, in the providence of God are committed not the interests, but interests they have [illegible] but the hopes of the great South.

[illegible] and none can do so, we repeat, Kentucky should be felt in the National Convention. But how can we make her a power in that august body? Evidently in no other way than by looking to the character of her delegates. They should be men of power. The best intellect, the best virtue, the most solid judgment, the most far-reaching sagacity, should be sought out and sent to that convention.

Madison has a son to whom she can point as a representative Kentuckian. We refer to Col. J. B. McCreery. The Democrats of Madison and the [illegible] who know best [illegible] a gentleman of [illegible] and practical ability. For strict adherence to the principles of constitutional liberty, for devotion to duty when to do duty was a real [illegible], he would be difficult to excel. From compromise he has been a firm and consistent Democrat. Working with heart and soul in the cause, he has never asked a favor at the hands of the party. He is emphatically a new man. The affairs of Kentucky politics has [illegible] for candidates.

During the late war Colonel McCreery, [illegible] to the defeat of the South the death knell of liberty did not hesitate as to the course he should pursue. His heart was with the Southern people and he determined that their destiny should be his own. The history of the brave Kentucky cavalry, "Chenault's Regiment," of which he was [illegible] in his capacity to the last. He entered [illegible] military career with the abiding love of friends and the respect of foes. Military service is not and should not be a test of promotion; but though we [illegible] when a man sacrifices ease and wealth to what he deems the cause of right, such conduct is not and should not be forgotten. The gallant colonel is a representative of that devoted but noble band who risked their all for the cause they loved. A worthy [illegible] with the present state of the South [illegible] that he should represent us and them in the National Convention. [illegible] PUBLIUS.

DEATH.—Mr. Robert Maddox, well known in this city and Newport, Ky., died at his farm in Ripley county, Indiana, on Friday, the 14th inst., at 10 o'clock P. M. His remains were taken to Maysville for interment. Poor Bob! Large hearted, generous, [illegible] [illegible].

Courier's Specials.

CHICAGO.

Swindler Caught—A New Tunnel—Wool Exposition—Wisconsin Democratic Convention.

[Special Dispatch to the Louisville Courier.]

CHICAGO, Feb. 20.—John B. Nash is under arrest here on the charge of swindling Claflin & Co. and A. T. Stewart, of New York, and J. V. Farwell & Co., and other houses of Chicago, out of goods amounting in value to many thousands of dollars.

Work will soon be recommenced on the Washington street tunnel. The structure is to be completed next October.

A Northwestern wool exposition is to be held in August next, commencing on the first Tuesday and continuing for three days. Charles Babbitt, of Springfield, Ohio, Alton Pope, of Cleveland, Ohio, and T. B. Horn, John Eacon and S. Wolf, of Terre Haute, Indiana, are among the committee having charge of the affair.

The Wisconsin Democratic State Convention instructed its delegates to the National Convention to vote as a unit. The Presidential [illegible] are as follows: [illegible] Smith, C. L. Parke, [illegible] Trail, A. [illegible], M. Strong, H. A. [illegible] and Thea [illegible].

At [illegible], Iowa, [illegible]day, the [illegible] of $17,000.

ST. LOUIS.

Donation to the Poor—A Numerous Mother—Five Children at a Birth.

[Special Dispatch to the Louisville Courier.]

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 20.—Forty merchants donated as many barrels of pork to the poor of the city on 'Change to-day. The whole lot was sold at auction at high prices—about double the real value. To-morrow the flour merchants will donate flour for the same purpose.

The report of a woman giving birth to five children at once in this city, at first thought to be a hoax, turns out to be an actual fact. Hundreds of ladies have visited the mother.

Levee [illegible]. The Memphis Packet Company received, yesterday, 1,000 tons of freight.

NEW ORLEANS.

Publication of the Registry Lists—The Convention—Arrivals.

[illegible] NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 20.

General Hancock has ordered the publication of the [illegible] registry lists in each Parish [illegible].

The [illegible] convention to [illegible] adoption, adjourned to Saturday. The old committee was discharged.

Arrived—[illegible] from Louisville and [illegible] from Mt. Vernon. The Great Republic [illegible] in port.

RIVER AND WEATHER.

[Special Dispatch to the Louisville Courier.]

CAIRO, Feb. 20.

River [illegible]. Clear. The mercury [illegible].

Liberty, Jacobs, Kate Kinney, [illegible], Louisiana, City of Cairo, [illegible] for St. Louis to-day.

The Lady Gay, which has been [illegible] at [illegible] came out this afternoon. This makes navigation to St. Louis a certainty.

The Tyrone brought a good [illegible] of corn and tobacco. The Lady Gay has a fair trip to Cincinnati [illegible] here.

There are two hundred tons here [illegible] awaiting shipment.

NASHVILLE, Feb. 20.

River falling, with four and a half feet on [illegible]. Weather mild and cloudy.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 20.

Arrivals: [illegible] from Louisville. Departures: Henry Ames, for New Orleans; [illegible], for New Orleans [illegible].

The Henry Ames left with [illegible] for New Orleans.

Weather [illegible].

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 20.

It is now definitely known the [illegible] river is [illegible] on the Illinois [illegible] started boats [illegible].

PITTSBURG, Feb. 20.

Weather all day was warm [illegible] [illegible] for lower ports.

WASHINGTON.

Affairs at the National Capital.

THE DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CONVENTION.

Preliminary Meeting of the Convention.

The Convention to be Held in the West

CANDIDATES FOR THE PRESIDENCY

Disabilities of Prominent Ex-Confederates to be Removed.

Radicals Will Reject John Y Brown if Returned

[Special Dispatch to the Louisville Courier.]

PRELIMINARY NATIONAL CONVENTION.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—A preliminary meeting of the Democratic National Committee will be held to-morrow for consultation and to accept a request of [illegible]. Nearly all the members have arrived, as well as a crowd of politicians from East and West. New York will make a strong effort to secure the convention in New York city, but it is stated it will be held in the West, and at Cincinnati, Indianapolis, or St. Louis. It will certainly not be held in Louisville. Among the points discussed will be the admission of delegates from the Southern States to the National Convention. Members of the committee [illegible]. After the meeting to-day [illegible] will [illegible] with the President at the White House.

PRESIDENT MAKING.

President making is now the order of the day, and all the [illegible] has a clear [illegible] here. Pendleton has more [illegible] than any one among politicians. Hendricks, Johnson, Pierce, and McClellan also have adherents. Seymour, of New York, is not named in connection with the [illegible]. McClellan's friends think his [illegible] would be [illegible] Minister to England, and the Senate favors him. His chances [illegible]. At present [illegible] [illegible].

MEXICAN SILVER BILL.

[illegible]

CONFIRMATION OF CAVALRY.

No other nomination has been sent to the Commissioner of Patents. It is thought that Mr. Moses, of Iowa, will receive the appointment.

REMOVAL OF DISABILITIES.

Mr. Bingham's bill, reported to-day from the Reconstruction committee removing disabilities from a number of prominent Confederates, includes Colonel Longstreet, Governor Orr, W. C. Hooper, of North Carolina, [illegible], of North Carolina, and others.

[illegible] SENTENCE.

The sentence of Captain Napoleon [illegible], for allowing the United States steamer [illegible] to be lost, which was promulgated to-day by the Secretary of the Navy, is considered extremely severe. It is understood that a [illegible] will not be publicly reprimanded. [illegible] in a naval [illegible].

[illegible]

The [illegible] of [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] to Lieutenant R. B. [illegible] 1st Cavalry.

[illegible]

[illegible] the Mississippi [illegible] that he is [illegible] to [illegible].

JOHN YOUNG BROWN.

The Radicals declare if John Young Brown, of Kentucky, is returned the House will treat the vote cast for him as a nullity, holding already declared him ineligible, and that the candidate receiving the next highest number of votes shall have the seat. Democratic members of the House think Brown should be [illegible] returned.

FRANKFORT.

THE BANQUET BY HON. T. C. McCREERY.

Large Number of Distinguished Guests Present.

MAGNIFICENT AFFAIR.

[Special Dispatch to the Louisville Courier.]

FRANKFORT, Feb. 20.—The banquet given by Hon. T. C. McCreery, has been beyond effort from [illegible], one attended by not less than one hundred guests. At nine o'clock the guests were invited into the [illegible] of the Capital Hotel, which was [illegible] and where the supper was waiting.

After supper the crowd repaired to the ball room which had been fitted up for the occasion, to hear the toasts and speeches. Here a number of appropriate toasts, which had been prepared for the occasion, were [illegible] read and responded to by different parties.

Among others, speeches were made by Gov. Stevenson, T. C. McCreery, Hon. Jesse D. Bright, Dr. Norvin Green, Hon. R. H. Stanton, and a number of other distinguished gentlemen. Gov. Stevenson's speech was quite eloquent and in his happiest vein.

The remarks of the new Senator were characterized by marked ability and power, and were received with round after round of applause. All who heard them were convinced that the Legislature made no mistake in electing him to the Senate.

After the conclusion of Col. McCreery's speech Mr. Bright responded to a patriotic sentiment in a speech of much ability, and which was greeted with great enthusiasm. Everything went off in the happiest style.

Many distinguished Kentuckians were present, among whom in addition to those already mentioned, were Gov. Robinson, Judge Peters, Gov. Meriwether, Cerro Gordo Williams, Col. Thomas H. Turner, Judge E. [illegible], T. B. Porter, and Gen. [illegible] Combs.

A letter was read from Gov. Bramlette expressing regret at his inability to be present. During the evening a band discoursed harmonious music. A number of ladies looked on the scene and [illegible] and [illegible] appearance.

Press Dispatches.

FOREIGN.

Atlantic Cable Telegrams.

ENGLAND.

[illegible] OF BULLION.

LONDON, Feb. 20, P. M.—The weekly returns of the Bank of England show that the bullion in the vault has decreased £1,[illegible] pounds sterling.

SPAIN.

REVOLUTION IN THE NORTH.

MADRID, Feb. 19.—Dispatches just received in this city from the provinces convey the intelligence that the leaders of the liberal party have effected a revolution against the authority of Queen Isabella in the North, and that their adherents have taken up arms in considerable numbers. Skirmishes have taken place between the contending forces and the insurgents in the city of Navarre. The Queen's officers immediately [illegible]. Some ten persons were [illegible] during the contest, and the [illegible] Progressive party [illegible] as failed at many points.

It appears as if these movements were the result of a deliberate and well planned organization. The people are on the alert and only [illegible] [illegible] of the [illegible]. The efforts have already raised and carried from Navarre [illegible] [illegible] of revolutionary [illegible] to the people of Spain. Each copy is headed with a portrait of [illegible], the eldest son of Don Juan, who is entitled and named "Charles VII of Spain." This young gentleman is [illegible] to Queen Isabella and [illegible] to [illegible] the throne, Don Juan, his father, [illegible] of Don Carlos.

ABYSSINIA.

THE [illegible] CAPTIVES.

LONDON, Feb. 20—P. M.—Advices to the 1st of January, received from the [illegible] captives in Abyssinia, state that they were all safe and well.

AUSTRIA.

[illegible]

[illegible]

AFRICA.

[illegible]

LONDON, Feb. 20—P. M.—Late advices from Cape Town, Africa, state that the [illegible] Council of Natal have at last decided [illegible] the British [illegible].

The Collector Arrested.

[illegible]

40th CONGRESS—FIRST SESSION

SENATE. WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.

The [illegible] communication was received from the Secretary of the Treasury, in reply to a resolution of inquiry, relating to [illegible] the [illegible] of [illegible] [illegible]. Referred to the Committee on Commerce.

Also a communication from the President in reply to a resolution of inquiry, transmitting the report of the Attorney General with a list of [illegible], pardoned, &c. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. STEWART, from the Committee on Mines and Mining, reported, with an amendment, the bill to establish a national school of mines.

Mr. ANTHONY moved when the Senate adjourned it be till Monday.

After discussion the motion was lost.

The passage of Mr. Trumbull's bill, supplementary to the act of March 23, 1867, supplementary to the act for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2, 1867, and to facilitate their restoration, was taken up.

Mr. TRUMBULL read from the Chicago Republican a statement of a correspondent in regard to Congressional caucus during which the Republican Representatives of the Western members [illegible] had [illegible] the legislation [illegible] introduction of the Constitution, [illegible] the Senate and House, and [illegible] [illegible] in the Senate by the Senators [illegible].

Mr. MORTON offered a resolution, which was adopted, calling on the Secretary of War for [illegible] [illegible].

Mr. WILSON introduced a bill providing that after [illegible] the army may hereafter be [illegible] [illegible] by the [illegible] of [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] being [illegible] [illegible] [illegible].

Mr. YATES [illegible] the motion [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible].

Mr. TRUMBULL continued. He read further from the article in the Chicago Republican an assertion that some Senators [illegible] of the disposition to act, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]. That these [illegible] and have assumed a threatening form, and Senator Morton [illegible] [illegible].

Mr. MORTON said he [illegible] [illegible] [illegible].

Mr. TRUMBULL read from the article in regard to the action on the national bill [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible].

Mr. DAVIS took the floor to conclude his [illegible] speech, [illegible] by a resolution to admit Mr. Thomas, of Maryland. He moved [illegible] to instructing the Judiciary committee to report in favor of [illegible].

Mr. CONKLING said the Senate had [illegible] [illegible] [illegible].

Mr. FESSENDEN [illegible]

The report of the Committee on [illegible] [illegible].

On motion of Mr. Clarke, of Kansas, the [illegible] Committee [illegible] [illegible].

Mr. BANKS, from the Committee on Foreign Affairs, reported a bill [illegible] of American citizens to [illegible].

Mr. HOPKINS, from the Committee on Public Lands, reported a bill to [illegible].

[illegible]

Mr. PAINE, rising to a personal explanation, sent to the Clerk's desk and had read a paragraph in the Washington correspondence of the New York Tribune [illegible].

Mr. PAINE stated that the reporter [illegible].

Mr. STEVENS [illegible].

Mr. ELDRIDGE [illegible].

The SPEAKER declined to [illegible].

Mr. MILLER, from the Committee on [illegible] [illegible].

Mr. POLK [illegible].

Mr. PERHAM, from the Committee on Invalid Pensions, reported [illegible].

Mr. BINGHAM, from [illegible].

Mr. LOGAN [illegible].

C. L. Vallandigham—The Democratic Convention of Kentucky.

To the Editors of the Louisville Courier:

Well may we exclaim, "The days of great men are numbered," when we look to the [illegible] of the [illegible], [illegible] [illegible] as the following:

The Democratic [illegible] of [illegible] [illegible] Judge A. Pearman for the [illegible] [illegible]. The [illegible] will be submitted to [illegible].

C. L. Vallandigham [illegible] the Democratic party of Ohio [illegible] a part of the [illegible] of Fort Lafayette [illegible] [illegible].

[illegible]

I read the dispatch that Judge A. Pearman, gallant, able, and learned, [illegible] as he is endorsed, [illegible] [illegible]. But [illegible] C. L. Vallandigham seems to be almost the exclusive [illegible]. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible].

[illegible]

Do [illegible] the Democracy of Ohio has [illegible] the stormy days of 1861, '62, '63 and '64, and who it was who, when all others quailed before the fiery storm, stood up before [illegible] and the country, battling with brave and manfully for the principles, those rights, [illegible] their liberties. [illegible] [illegible].

[illegible]

I call upon the Democracy of Ohio [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] at the head of his party, from early manhood to the period of his [illegible], he has found [illegible] [illegible]. He was [illegible] to be [illegible] in the [illegible] [illegible]. [illegible] of one of the [illegible] of the [illegible] [illegible] his reward in the confidence of the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible].

[illegible]

of the [illegible] to pronounce his worth, ability, character, and personal [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible].

SIGNET.

February, 1868.

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE

SENATE.

THURSDAY, Feb. 20, 1868.

The Senate was called to order at the usual hour and opened with prayer by the Rev. Mr. Henderson, of the Methodist Episcopal church South.

Mr. Gardner, from the Committee on [illegible], made his report, and [illegible] [illegible].

Mr. Lindsay presented the petition of [illegible] citizens of [illegible] and [illegible].

Mr. [illegible] the [illegible] of the Printing Board for the [illegible], [illegible] and one thousand [illegible] [illegible] to be printed.

GOV. JOHN L. HELM, DECEASED.

Mr. Field—Select Committee—Reported a preamble and resolutions in regard to the death of the Hon. John L. Helm, late Governor.

Pending [illegible] Mr. Field delivered a most beautiful and [illegible] address [illegible] [illegible].

Mr. [illegible] followed, and said [illegible] [illegible] to the [illegible] gentleman and [illegible].

Mr. Winchester [illegible] the [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] he was left [illegible] by the [illegible] gentleman who preceded him.

The resolutions were then adopted and immediately [illegible] to the House of Representatives.

The Senate then adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Prayer by the Right Rev. Bishop P. B. Smith, of the Episcopal church.

The reading of the journal [illegible] [illegible] dispensed with.

[illegible]

Mr. Clarke—For the benefit of M. W. [illegible] [illegible].

Mr. R. K. White—To [illegible] certain rights and powers on the [illegible] of the [illegible] [illegible].

Mr. B. W. [illegible]—For the [illegible] [illegible].

Mr. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible].

PETITIONS, &c.

[illegible]

BILLS.

Mr. Boone—To incorporate the [illegible] Mill Company.

[illegible]

[illegible]

BILLS ON [illegible].

An act to prevent the [illegible] of [illegible] [illegible]. Amendment [illegible].

BILLS [illegible].

Mr. [illegible]—[illegible].

Mr. E. B. Smith—[illegible]. Passed.

Same—Senate bill to [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible] Company. Passed.

Same—To amend the [illegible] Company. Passed.

Same—[illegible] to amend the charter of the [illegible]. Passed.

Same—[illegible] Passed.

Same—To amend an act to [illegible] [illegible] Passed.

Same—Relating to the [illegible] of Auburn, Logan county. Passed.

Same—To incorporate the [illegible] Mill [illegible] Company. Passed.

Same—To amend the charter of [illegible] city, [illegible] county. Passed.

Same—To repeal an act to amend an act [illegible]. Passed.

Same—To amend the charter of the town of [illegible]. Passed.

Same—To incorporate the [illegible]. Passed.

SPECIAL ORDER.

The House then took up the bill to amend the charter of the Licking River Lumber and Mining Company.

Mr. [illegible] moved the previous question [illegible].

The [illegible] was then [illegible]—yeas, 60; nays, 11.

The House then took up the bill in the Senate to [illegible] the [illegible] of [illegible] [illegible] and Jefferson county. Passed.

The House then took up the bill to organize the militia of Kentucky.

Mr. Jacobs offered an amendment fixing the salaries of the Adjutant and Quartermaster to a sum of $2,000 each, and to rank as Brigadier Generals, and also fixing the salary of Assistant Adjutant General at $1,000 to rank as captain.

Mr. Hindman offered an amendment fixing the salary of the Adjutant General at $2,000 [illegible].

Mr. Hindman also offered an amendment fixing the salary of the Quartermaster General at $1,000. Adopted—yeas, 58; nays, [illegible].

Mr. Hindman moved to amend the bill by striking out [illegible] providing for an Assistant Adjutant General. Rejected—yeas, 31; nays, 62.

Mr. Hindman also offered an amendment allowing the Quartermaster and Adjutant Generals [illegible].

Mr. R. K. White moved to fix the salary of the Assistant Adjutant General at $1,000. Adopted—yeas, [illegible].

Mr. [illegible] moved to strike out the [illegible] section. Rejected—yeas 15, nays 61.

Mr. [illegible] offered two amendments, a proper [illegible] office for each [illegible] be confined in [illegible] than is at once expended and [illegible] which proper [illegible] should be fixed.

The question was first taken on allowing $1,000 [illegible] Adjutant General [illegible]. Adopted—yeas 58, nays [illegible].

The question was then taken upon the amendment of Mr. [illegible], allowing Quartermaster [illegible] $1,000 [illegible] for [illegible]. Adopted—yeas [illegible], nays [illegible].

The amendment of Mr. Hindman, to strike [illegible] said [illegible], was then rejected—yeas 11, nays [illegible].

Mr. Hindman moved to amend by adding a section giving the Governor power to call into service so many of the enrolled militia as he may deem necessary to assist in enforcing the civil law within this commonwealth, and no more. Rejected—yeas [illegible], nays [illegible].

Mr. Powell moved to amend the bill by striking out $1, the sum to be levied upon all enrolled [illegible], and not [illegible] [illegible]. Rejected—yeas [illegible], nays [illegible].

Mr. [illegible] several amendments to amend section 1, by striking out the words "who are not members of the active militia," and [illegible] that the [illegible] which relates to the Adjutant and Quartermaster Generals [illegible].

Mr. Poppin called for a division of the question.

The question was taken on striking out. Rejected—yeas, 9; nays, 63.

Mr. Gibson moved the previous question. Adopted—yeas, 72; nays, 13.

The bill was then passed—yeas, [illegible]; nays, 11.

DEATH OF GOV. HELM.

The House then took up the preamble and resolutions from the Senate in relation to the death of Gov. John L. Helm.

Said resolutions read as follows:

The Hon. John Larue Helm, late Governor of this State, and one of the most distinguished of [illegible] citizens having departed this life, it is eminently proper that the representatives of the people should pay a tribute to his memory; therefore,

Be it resolved, That the people of the State [illegible] and deplore the bereavement which Divine Providence has been [illegible] upon us by the death of Hon. John L. Helm, which occurred at his home in Hardin county on the 8th day of September, 1867, shortly after his inauguration as Governor of the State.

2d. That in the various offices of public trust that he has filled in the State—as a representative in the popular branch of this Legislature, and for a number of years its presiding officer, as Senator [illegible] and [illegible], he [illegible] to reflect back the honors conferred upon him by the State.

3d. That while Kentucky pays this tribute to his public services, she would be unmindful of the [illegible] due to the memory of the dead if she did not [illegible] that in his private worth, in all the several relations of life, he was a model of human excellence, generous, gentle, and kind—a man who cherished no revenge of his foes, pleased [illegible]. As a [illegible] kind and constant as a husband, devoted and affectionate as a companion and friend, true to the [illegible] of the social circle. Viewed as the statesman, the lawyer, the husband, the father, the companion, and friend, he lived a life of distinction and usefulness, and died [illegible].

4th. That these resolutions be spread upon the journals of the respective Houses, and a copy [illegible] to the widow of his honor.

5th. That the public buildings be draped in mourning, and that the members wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days.

The question being taken the resolutions were unanimously adopted.

And then the House adjourned.

Commercial Matters

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE COURIER,
THURSDAY EVENING, Feb. 20, 1868.

There is continued firmness and animation in the market in all the leading departments, based in part, it is [illegible], upon the healthful advance in cotton. The discouragements to the planters by low prices, heretofore taxation, broken [illegible], depreciated currency and the utter unreliable [illegible] of the present system of free labor have resulted, [illegible] what might have been anticipated, inducing [illegible] to abandon the exclusive cultivation of cotton to the production of corn, wheat and vegetables, even to converting cotton fields into pasturelands, and grazing is likely to hereafter be the one leading feature of the Southern production.

The advices from Liverpool to-day per cable dispatches quoted American cotton at 10¼d, which is another advance on the great staple, and an indication that prices are to be fully sustained. This has imparted an increased firmness, and we remark an upward tendency in the market, with the conviction that prices must rule still higher. We base this assertion upon the fact that last year at this period cotton was selling at prices ranging from 30 to 35c, with gold at [illegible] per cent. lower than the present rates, added to which is the growing conviction that both stocks and crops this season are less than last, with the assured expectation that the next crop of cotton will be less than the past. In the meantime, there is no abatement in the demand for consumption, but rather an increase, while the prospects of the foreign supply of the staple are extremely discouraging. The extreme low rates which have prevailed during the past six months have had, the tendency to paralyze production, not only in India, but our country. The planters cannot sell cotton for ten or even fifteen cents in currency and pay $25 for pork, and $1 per bushel for corn, and all things else in proportion. In accordance they were compelled to abandon the culture of cotton and turn their attention to growing the cereals and raising live stock. The present advance in cotton, it maintained and brought up to the standard of last season, may lead to stimulate the [illegible], and induce planters to devote more land and labor to its production than they had contemplated.

In the provision market there was an increased animation to-day, and prices rule higher in some cases than yesterday, with heavy sales, as will be seen by the annexed summary. Some comment is being made by provision dealers that the quotations of the Cincinnati market by telegraph dispatches are erroneous. They are much lower than actual transactions.

AWARDS.—List of awards made this 20th day of February, 1868, by Brevet Brigadier General M. P. Small, C. S. U. S. A., Louisville, Ky:

Stricklands & Sewell, Louisville, 300 bbls flour at $11.

J. Kennedy, Louisville, 300 bbls flour, at $11 75.

R. M. Bishop & Co., Cincinnati, 30,000 lbs brown sugar, at 11½c.

J. A. Pearce & Co., Cincinnati, 5,000 lbs granulated sugar, at 16c.

D. S. Benedict & Sons, Louisville, 10,000 lbs rice, at 11c.

Thomas Emery & Sons, Cincinnati, 5,000 lbs candles, at 21 60 lbs.

[illegible], St. Louis, 15,000 lbs soap, at 9c.

T. J. White, Jr., & Co., Cincinnati, 100 kits No. 1 mackerel, at $4 [illegible].

[illegible] Son & Co., Louisville, 30 kits white fish, at $1 [illegible], 1,000 lbs fresh salt [illegible], at 15c.

McFerran, Armstrong & Co., Louisville, 1,000 lbs dried beef, at 16c.

J. A. Pearce & Co., Cincinnati, 5,000 lbs crushed sugar, at 17c.

The New York dispatch of the Board of Trade, via Southern Telegraph, quoted dry goods active and tending upward, but not quoted higher. Cotton [illegible] advanced to [illegible] for middling uplands. Sugar dull but not lower. Coffee steady and in fair demand. Petroleum firm at [illegible] in bond. Linseed oil firm and unchanged. Flour and wheat steady. Corn dull and lower, closing at $1 11a1 26. Oats dull at 84a86c. Mess pork steady at $22 [illegible] for old and $23 [illegible] for new. Lard steady at [illegible]. Hogs, $9 [illegible] for live. Receipts 1,000 head.

The Chicago dispatches quote corn lower and unsettled [illegible] receipts 61,000 bushels. Wheat dull and prices drooping and irregular. No. 2 spring $1 [illegible], receipts 11,000 bushels. Oats dull and lower, [illegible], receipts 11,000 bushels. Rye dull and nominal at $1 [illegible]; receipts 5,000 bushels. Barley firmer, selling at $2 [illegible]. [illegible] 5,000 bushels. Provisions very firm and all articles held higher. Mess pork sold at $23 [illegible]. Lard selling at 14½c and very firm. Bulk meats higher, shoulders 9½a9¾c; sides [illegible], short rib [illegible], short clear 12½c. Hogs higher [illegible], dressed $9 [illegible], receipts 1,000 head, about one fourth of them dressed.

The Cincinnati dispatch quotes flour dull and unchanged. Wheat quiet at $2 50a2 55 for No. 2 and [illegible]. Corn quiet at 85c for ear and shelled. Oats quiet at 63a65c for Nos. 2 and 1. Rye firm at $1 [illegible] for No. 1. Barley dull at $2 [illegible] for No. 1. Clover seed at $[illegible]. Timothy dull at $2 [illegible]. Flaxseed dull at $2 25. Mess pork firm, held at $24 [illegible]; buyers at 50c less. Lard firm at 14½c, but held at higher. Bulk meats firm and higher; shoulders [illegible], sides 11½c, clear rib [illegible], clear 12½c, all loose. Bacon firm and higher, shoulders [illegible], rib sides 13½c, clear 14c, same [illegible] [illegible] packed.

The New Orleans dispatch quotes flour dull and prices [illegible], superfine at $9 [illegible]. Mess pork [illegible] and [illegible] at [illegible]. Lard dull [illegible] in tierces, at 14½c and in kegs at [illegible]. [illegible] scarce and selling at 14c for sides and shoulders, and 16c for clear sides. Hams unchanged. Corn advanced to 90c. Hay and oats unchanged. [illegible] dull and prices [illegible]. Sugar dull, but [illegible] lower. Molasses steady at [illegible]. [illegible] sacks corn, and [illegible]. Stock of cotton, 120,000 bales.

MONETARY.

Although money is as plentiful in New York the market is not greater here, but notwithstanding money cannot be said to be abundant with us. It is sufficient in volume to supply the wants [illegible]. [illegible] would be easy. The [illegible] supplied by our city [illegible] last year is now unprofitable, and [illegible] cannot be supported [illegible], which will necessarily [illegible] our merchants somewhat; a knowledge of [illegible] makes the banks unwilling to [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible].

Capitalists are tempted by the high rates that persons forced to borrow money outside of bank are willing to pay, and are purchasing considerable real estate paper at from 15 to 18 per cent.

Great disposition is shown to convert Government into cash and invest in loans. The offerings of Government bonds were large and free with a firm market.

Nashville was in good demand, several important transactions having been consummated. Commercial Bank stock is looking up with better feeling in the market.

Gold opened at 140¾; at 10:30 declined to 140, and rallied again at 11:30 to 140¾, at which it continued until 12:30, when it had reached 140¼, and closed at 140.

Corrected by Morton, Galt & Co., Bankers, No. 156 WEST MAIN STREET.

	Buying.	Selling.
Gold	[illegible]	140
Silver dollars	[illegible]	[illegible]
Silver quarters and halves	[illegible]	[illegible]
Silver dimes and half dimes	[illegible]	[illegible]

BONDS.

[illegible]	[illegible]	City [illegible] purposes	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	L. & N. R. R.	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Ky. State bonds	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
*L. & N. R. R.	90	*L. & N. R. R. M. [illegible]	[illegible]
*L. & N. R. R. L. B.	[illegible]	*L. & N. R. R. [illegible]	[illegible]

STOCKS.

National bank, first	[illegible]	National bank, second	[illegible]
" Planters	[illegible]	" [illegible]	[illegible]
Bank of Ky	[illegible]	Bank of Louisville	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mechanics bank	100	Western [illegible]	[illegible]
Masonic bank	[illegible]	German Ins. Co. bank	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible] bank	[illegible]
L. & N. R. R.	[illegible]	L. & N. R. R. [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible] Pass. R. R.	[illegible]	Central Pass. R. R.	[illegible]
Gas Co. stock	[illegible]	City Pass. R. R.	35

* These are seven per cent bonds and are generally sold with the accrued interest added.

Review of the Market.

NOTE.—The quotations given are wholesale prices to the [illegible] [illegible]. In [illegible] orders to the city or country trade an advance of [illegible] is usually obtained.

APPLES.—We quote small sales of choice green at $6 00a6 50, and others at $4a5, as to quality.

BATTING.—Holders have established and hold advance, with sales of No. 1 at [illegible], in lots of 50 and 100 bales.

BAGGING AND ROPE.—Market is nominal and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible], owing a [illegible].

CHEESE.—Steady, with sales of Western and Hamburg at 17a18c.

CORNMEAL.—Market quiet, with small sales of bolted meal at 90 [illegible] per bush, [illegible] kiln dried meal at $1 [illegible] per bbl.

COAL.—Steady, with sales of Pittsburg at retail at 30c per bush, or $5 for 25 bush, delivered; Pomeroy at [illegible] to bushs, and [illegible] 50 per cart load, delivered.

COTTON YARNS, &c.—Firm and higher. We now quote No. 500 yarns at [illegible], No. 600 at [illegible], 700 at [illegible] per dozen; carpet chain, candlewick and cotton twine at [illegible] per lb, in lots.

DOMESTICS.—Market [illegible] [illegible] has been a [illegible] [illegible].

FLOUR.—There is a good demand with somewhat of an advance on all grades. We quote sales of [illegible] in lots at $[illegible] for superfine, [illegible] extra, [illegible]. We quote quotations in lots as follows: Fine flour $[illegible]; superfine $[illegible]; extra family $10 [illegible] at $11 [illegible], and fancy brands at $11 [illegible].

GRAIN.—The market is a little firmer, with light supplies, per loading of Wheat, which we quote at $[illegible], with sales of prime red, from wagons, at $[illegible]. Corn is easy, with sales of ear at [illegible] on wharf, and [illegible] in store, and [illegible] shelled corn, sacks included. Barley, on wharf, and [illegible]. Oats active at [illegible] for prime in bulk, with sales at [illegible]. Rye [illegible]. Barley quiet at $[illegible] for prime fall. Buckwheat scarce and in demand at $1 [illegible].

GROCERIES.—The market is steady, though not active, with sales of [illegible] bags Rio coffee [illegible] at [illegible], as to quality; small sales of [illegible] for fair to prime. [illegible] New Orleans is firm, with sales of [illegible] fair to prime at [illegible], while choice [illegible]. Refined sugar, in bbls, ranges from [illegible], as to quality. Molasses—Plantation without change and quiet at [illegible] per gallon, and $1 [illegible] in small lots, as to quality and package. Rice—Carolina [illegible], and Louisiana [illegible].

HOMINY.—Sales in lots in bbls at [illegible] per lb.

HAY.—Market rather dull at [illegible] per ton for baled timothy on arrival, with sales in store at [illegible] per ton for prime.

PROVISIONS AND LARD.—The market continues to rule firm, with a sale of 150 bbls mess pork at $23, and retail sales at $23 50. Bulk Meats are in good demand, with a sale of 1,000 pieces clear ribbed, and clear sides, loose, at [illegible], and sales of [illegible] cases of [illegible] loose shoulders and [illegible] for clear ribbed and [illegible] clear, packed. Bacon is very firm, with a sale last evening, not reported, of 100 casks clear ribbed and clear sides at [illegible], packed, and sales to-day of [illegible] casks in lots, on orders as follows: shoulders 11½c, clear ribbed sides 14c, clear sides [illegible], and fancy hams 17c, packed. Lard is firm at [illegible] for tierces, and [illegible] in kegs.

SEEDS.—The market is a little lower, with fair supplies of clover seed, and sales of prime at $6 75 and retail sales at [illegible] per bushel. Timothy seed at $[illegible], small lots. Other qualities unchanged.

WOOL.—We quote unwashed at [illegible] to the rough, buying rates, and tub washed at [illegible], as to quality.

WHISKY.—There is a fair inquiry, but a limited trade, and we quote new raw free at [illegible]. No transactions in bond.

Louisville Tobacco Market.

There is a steady demand for all good conditioned lugs and leaf, with but very little choice tobacco offered, and none offered in the breaks to-day. The transactions at the [illegible] houses to-day [illegible] [illegible], including reviews, at [illegible].

The prices ranged as follows: [illegible].

Cotton—Auction Sales.

At the sale at the Louisville cotton warehouse, corner Second and Washington streets, Geo. W. Wicks & Co., proprietors, the offerings were light, but prices firm and demand active. Sales at auction and at private sale comprised [illegible] bales, at the following prices:

Middling	[illegible]
Low middling	[illegible]
Good Ordinary	[illegible]
Ordinary	[illegible]

Receipts light and falling off materially. Stock on hand 5,000 bales.

SPECIAL MARKET REPORTS.

The following dispatches are special to the Louisville COURIER:

PITTSBURG, Feb. 20.

OIL.—The market is [illegible] for [illegible] at $[illegible], with sales of [illegible] bbls refined at a further advance. Crude [illegible].

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 20.

CATTLE.—Receipts of cattle more ample, and offerings at abattoirs [illegible] of stock. A sale of 3 head of good cattle was reported at [illegible], the average weight being [illegible] lbs. Extra choice beeves are in good request at full rates.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20—P. M.

COTTON—Opened active, excited and fully [illegible] but at the close the advance was lost; sales 13,000 bales at [illegible] for middling uplands, closing at [illegible].

FLOUR—Receipts [illegible] bbls; market dull; medium and good grades 10c lower; sales 6,800 bbls at $[illegible] for superfine State and Western; $[illegible] for extra State; $[illegible] for extra Western; $[illegible] for white wheat extra; $[illegible] for round-hoop Ohio; [illegible] [illegible] for extra St. Louis; [illegible] good to choice do, closing quiet. California [illegible] lower; sales of 1,400 sacks [illegible] [illegible]. Rye flour is [illegible]. Cornmeal—More active and a shade easier; sales [illegible] bbls Brandywine at $[illegible].

WHISKY—Nominal.

GRAIN—Receipts of wheat [illegible] bush; market dull and [illegible] lower; sales [illegible] bush at $[illegible] for No. 2 spring, delivered; $[illegible] for No. 1 spring, delivered; $[illegible] for white Wisconsin, and $[illegible] for white California. Rye scarce and firm. Barley in light supply and very firm. Malt firm; sales 1,000 bush Canada West $[illegible]. Receipts of corn [illegible] bush; market less active; sales [illegible] bush at $1 [illegible] for new mixed Western afloat, $1 [illegible] for old mixed Western delivered, $1 [illegible] for mixed Tennessee, $1 [illegible] for yellow Jersey, $1 [illegible] for white Southern, and $1 [illegible] for yellow Southern. Receipts of oats [illegible] bush; market dull with [illegible] bid and [illegible] asked for Western in store; small sales [illegible].

GROCERIES—Rice dull at [illegible] for Carolina. Coffee quiet and without change. Sugar slightly more buyers; sales 100 hhds [illegible] at [illegible]. Molasses in fair request, prices unchanged.

HOPS—Quiet at [illegible] for American.

PETROLEUM—Quiet at [illegible] for crude and [illegible] for refined in bond.

PROVISIONS—Pork steady; sales 3,000 bbls at $[illegible] for new mess, closing at $[illegible] regular; $[illegible] for old do, closing at $[illegible] cash and [illegible] for prime, and $[illegible] for prime mess. Beef quiet; sales [illegible] bbls at $[illegible] for new plain mess, and $[illegible] for new extra mess, and [illegible] tierces at $[illegible] for prime mess, and $[illegible] for India mess. Beef hams steady; sales 150 bbls at $[illegible]. Bacon firm and in fair demand; sales 600 boxes at [illegible] for Cumberland cut, [illegible] for long rib, [illegible] for short ribbed, [illegible] for long clear to arrive, and [illegible] for short clear. Cut meats firm; sales [illegible] packages at [illegible] for shoulders, and [illegible] for hams. Dressed hogs lower at [illegible] for Western, and [illegible] for city. Lard firmer; sales 1,[illegible] bbls at [illegible].

BUTTER—Active and firmer at [illegible] for State.

CHEESE—Higher.

FREIGHTS—To Liverpool steady, with engagements of 6,000 bush corn per steamer at 10d.

LATEST.

FLOUR—Closed dull and 5a10c lower.

GRAIN—Wheat quiet and in buyers' favor. Rye nominally unchanged. Corn heavy at $1 [illegible] for new mixed Western afloat, and $1 [illegible] for old mixed Western in store. Oats dull at [illegible] for Western in store.

PROVISIONS—Pork lower, dull and heavy at $[illegible] [illegible] for old mess, and $[illegible] for new mess; $[illegible] [illegible] sellers option for March, and $[illegible] for April. Beef quiet and unchanged. Cut meats firm. Bacon very firm at [illegible] for Cumberland cut. Lard firm at [illegible] for fair to prime steam and kettle-rendered.

NEW YORK STOCK AND MONEY MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20—P. M.

Money unchanged.

Sterling quiet, and lower at 9¼a9¾ for prime bankers paper.

Gold opened at 140¾, and closed steady at 140 [illegible].

Governments are steady, except 10-40s, which were bought freely by foreign houses, and 5-20s of '62, both of which closed strong. Henry Clews & Co. furnish the following 5:30 quotations: Coupons '81, [illegible]; do, '62, [illegible]; do, '64, [illegible]; do, '65, [illegible]; do new, [illegible]; do '67, [illegible]; 10-40s, [illegible]; 7-30s, [illegible].

Stocks [illegible] excited, with a marked decline, closing weak.

The following are the 5:30 prices: Canton, [illegible]; Western Union Telegraph, [illegible]; Cumberland, [illegible]; Adams Express, [illegible]; Merchants' Union Express, [illegible]; United States Express, [illegible]; Wells & Fargo's Express, [illegible]; Quicksilver, [illegible]; Mariposa, [illegible]; Pacific Mail, [illegible]; Atlantic Mail, [illegible]; Western Union Telegraph, [illegible]; New York Central, [illegible]; Erie, [illegible]; Hudson, [illegible]; Reading, [illegible]; Ohio Certificates, [illegible]; Wabash, [illegible]; St. Paul, [illegible]; do preferred, [illegible]; Michigan Central, [illegible]; Michigan Southern, [illegible]; Illinois Central, [illegible]; [illegible]; Rock Island, [illegible]; [illegible]; Fort Wayne, [illegible]; [illegible]; do preferred, [illegible]; Toledo, [illegible]; Marietta and Cincinnati, 1st preferred, [illegible]; Hannibal and St. Joseph, preferred, [illegible]; [illegible] old Tennessees, [illegible].

Mining shares lower; Gregory, [illegible]; Quartz Hill, [illegible]; [illegible] Gregory, [illegible]; [illegible].

Sub-Treasury: [illegible] [illegible], payments $[illegible], balance [illegible].

CINCINNATI MARKET.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 20—P. M.

FLOUR—Dull and unchanged.

GRAIN—Wheat dull and unchanged. Corn in fair demand at [illegible] for ear. Oats dull at [illegible] for No. 1. Rye in fair demand, and the supply being light, the market is firm at $[illegible]. Barley dull and prices [illegible].

TOBACCO—In demand; sales [illegible] hhds and [illegible] boxes at [illegible] for lugs and [illegible] for leaf.

COTTON—[illegible] middling could have been bought at [illegible] the close, though [illegible].

WHISKY—Dull; [illegible] nominal.

PROVISIONS—Firmer, with a continued speculative demand, and prices are higher. Mess pork sold at $[illegible] for new, [illegible] for old. Bulk meats [illegible] for shoulders, sides and clear [illegible] [illegible]. Bacon [illegible] and [illegible] for shoulders, sides and clear [illegible]. Sweet pickled hams [illegible]. Lard firm and in demand at [illegible] for city and [illegible] the inside rate.

BUTTER—Firm at [illegible] for fresh Western, and [illegible] for New York.

SUGAR—Declined to [illegible], and the supply is better. [illegible] sugar [illegible]. Coffee [illegible] for common.

SEEDS—Clover seed [illegible] moderate jobbing demand at [illegible]. Timothy [illegible].

OILS—Linseed oil [illegible] sales at $1 16, but the demand is [illegible] moderate. Lard oil, $1 [illegible]. Petroleum firmer [illegible].

GOLD—140 buying, 140¾ selling.

MEMPHIS MARKET.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 20—P. M.

COTTON—Excited at [illegible]; receipts, 1,[illegible] bales, exports [illegible] bales.

FLOUR—Firm; superfine, $[illegible].

PROVISIONS—Pork $[illegible]. Bacon shoulders, [illegible]; clear sides, [illegible]. Lard, [illegible].

GRAIN—Corn, [illegible]. Oats, [illegible].

HAY—[illegible].

PHILADELPHIA MARKET.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 20—P. M.

FLOUR—Steady and [illegible].

GRAIN—Wheat steady. Rye [illegible] Pennsylvania, $[illegible]. Corn in fair demand; new yellow, $1 [illegible]. Oats steady at [illegible].

PROVISIONS—Advancing. Mess pork $[illegible]. [illegible].

NEW YORK DRY GOODS MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20—P. M.

The cotton goods market continues active and excited under the advices from Liverpool, reporting large sales of middling upland cotton at [illegible]. [illegible] demand for goods considerable, and prices are again firmer and tending strongly upward.

Heavy brown sheetings cannot be had at any price, as shippers are booking all the popular makes below [illegible]. [illegible] Atlantic A at [illegible], and [illegible]. The Appleton A and [illegible]. Amoskeag bleached [illegible]. [illegible] Water Twist [illegible]. [illegible]. Merrimac Prints [illegible]. [illegible] and [illegible] Printing [illegible]. American [illegible]. [illegible] Garner's [illegible]. Print cloths and fancy goods more active, and prices firmer for fine and [illegible] [illegible], with a tendency upward. Higher priced [illegible] and low grades are plenty, and slow though, but [illegible] and [illegible] prices in general have touched bottom.

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, Feb. 20.

FLOUR—Continues dull, and holders ask previous prices for choice and standard brands. Other brands easier.

GRAIN—Wheat in moderate demand; sales of No. 1 at $2 [illegible], and [illegible] for No. 2 in store; [illegible]. Corn firm and moderately active at [illegible]. Oats [illegible]. Rye more active and [illegible] higher; sales at $1 [illegible] for No. 1, and $1 [illegible] for No. 2. Barley firm [illegible] at $2 [illegible].

PROVISIONS—Firm. Mess pork at [illegible] cash, and [illegible] for March delivery. Lard firmer at [illegible]. Cut meats active and firm; sales of shoulders at [illegible] loose. Cumberland held at [illegible] and short ribs [illegible]; sweet pickled hams at [illegible]. Green meats quiet but firm.

HOGS—Dressed in moderate request; soft lots dull and [illegible] below [illegible]; heavy at $[illegible]. [illegible]. Live hogs less active and [illegible] lower; $[illegible] for light, and $[illegible] for heavy.

RECEIPTS—[illegible] bbls flour, 11,[illegible] bush wheat, [illegible] bush corn, [illegible] bush oats, [illegible] dressed hogs, [illegible] live.

SHIPMENTS—4,364 bbls flour, [illegible] bush wheat, [illegible] bush corn, [illegible] bush oats, [illegible] dressed hogs, [illegible] live.

ST. LOUIS MARKET.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 20—P. M.

TOBACCO—Steady and unchanged.

COTTON—No sales reported.

HEMP—No sales reported.

FLOUR—Very quiet; sales superfine at $7 [illegible], extra to [illegible], double extra $9 [illegible], treble extra and fancy $[illegible].

GRAIN—Wheat steady, firm, and in but little demand; light sales No. 1 winter at $2 [illegible]; choice red fall at $2 [illegible]. Corn firmer, and choice lots higher; sales at [illegible] for shelled, and [illegible] for ear, on [illegible]. Oats dull and irregular at [illegible]. Barley firmer; sales spring at $2 [illegible]. Rye scarce; sales at $1 [illegible].

PROVISIONS—Buoyant, active and higher. Mess pork [illegible] at $23 [illegible]. Bacon higher; [illegible] clear sides, [illegible] clear ribbed, and [illegible] shoulders. [illegible] in all dry meat. Lard higher at [illegible] for kegs.

RECEIPTS—Flour, 1,[illegible] bbls; wheat, [illegible] sacks; corn, [illegible] sacks; oats, [illegible].

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 20.

COTTON—Irregular; middling, [illegible]; sales [illegible] bales, receipts [illegible] bales.

Sterling—[illegible] for paper, [illegible].

Exchange—On New York, [illegible] discount.

GOLD—[illegible].

[illegible] sugar and molasses unchanged.

FLOUR—Unchanged; [illegible].

GRAIN—Corn [illegible]. Oats unchanged.

PROVISIONS—Pork nominal; unchanged. Lard [illegible] in tierces, and [illegible] in kegs, and scarce. Shoulders and [illegible] sides 14c, clear 15c.

PITTSBURG OIL MARKET.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 20.

Market for crude oil was quiet, but firm at [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] for future delivery. The market for refined is [illegible] was advanced, [illegible] at 30c for the present month and [illegible] for March. [illegible] oil quiet and selling in [illegible] barrel lots at 31c.

ALBANY CATTLE MARKET.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 20.

CATTLE—Market unusually dull this week, not more than [illegible] or [illegible] head changed hands at last week's prices, total receipts 2,200 head.

SHEEP—Receipts, 15,000 head, sales 6,000 head at [illegible].

HOGS—The drove Michigan, averaging 190, sold at [illegible]; receipts 1,[illegible]. Dressed hogs in moderate demand at 10[illegible].

BALTIMORE MARKET.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 20—P. M.

FLOUR—Unchanged.

GRAIN—Wheat unchanged. Corn active and firmer; mixed Western, $1 [illegible]. Oats firm at [illegible]. Rye firm and unchanged.

SEEDS—In active demand. Clover seed, for Western, $[illegible].

PROVISIONS—Very active and tending upward. Bacon shoulders, [illegible]. Bulk shoulders, [illegible], do, loose, [illegible].

NEW YORK CATTLE MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.

CATTLE—Trade firmer, with less receipts; articles [illegible], bleeders [illegible], receipts, 2,[illegible].

SHEEP—[illegible] and the lower, prime firm.

HOGS—Firm at [illegible] for prime.

IMPORTS.

FROM THE BOOKS OF THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BY RIVER—Feb. 20.

CINCINNATI—Per United States—18 hhds bacon, McFerran & Co—12 bbls whisky, Dorn & Co—25 do flour, [illegible] & Sewell—[illegible] do, Jefferson & Co—[illegible] bags seed, [illegible], Hardy & Co—[illegible] kegs nails, [illegible] & [illegible]—30 bbls boards, Dupont & Co—[illegible] [illegible], [illegible] [illegible]. [illegible].

MADISON—Per Morris Grate—[illegible] sacks bran, 1,[illegible] bbls pork, [illegible] hhds tobacco, [illegible] boxes, [illegible] potatoes, [illegible], 7 bags, 1 hide, [illegible] bales hay and straw, [illegible] pkgs furniture—consignees.

KY. RIVER—Per flatboat—100 bales hay—owners.

UTICA—Per Barge—300 barrels of lime—owners.

SALT RIVER—Per Barge—200 bales of hay—owners.

NEW ORLEANS—Per Rails Lee—[illegible] sacks coffee, [illegible] [illegible]; [illegible]—[illegible] bbls [illegible], [illegible]; Wm. R. [illegible] bbls [illegible]; [illegible]. [illegible].

BY RAILROAD—Feb. 20.

LOUISVILLE, MEMPHIS & NASHVILLE RAILROAD—[illegible].

LOUISVILLE & FRANKFORT RAILROAD—3 bags dried fruit, [illegible], [illegible] feathers, [illegible] seeds, [illegible] bbls [illegible], 1 bbl tallow, 1 [illegible] cooperage, [illegible] hominy, [illegible] bbls bags, 1 lot bacon—consignees.

BONDURANT & TODD.

Avery's, Calhoun's, and Dodge's PERFECT PLOWS.

At Manufacturers' Prices.

BUY

Agricultural Implements,

Field and Garden Seeds,

CEMENT,

Lime, Plaster, &c., &c., at

BONDURANT & TODD,

Main Street, bet. Third and Fourth

Opposite the Bank of Louisville, Ky.

Sole agents in Louisville for Straub's Corn Mill.

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At Manufacturers' Prices, for Cash.

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112 Main Street,

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Patented October 8, 1867

Six Distinct Claims Patented on

DODGE'S PERFECT PLOW.

It is of great strength and durability. Is of very light draught. Is simple in construction, is easy to repair. Can be used with steel or cast points. Shoes any soil with ease. Can be changed to a scraper, sweep or sub-soil Plow. Mold-board, point and land-side all renewable. Material and workmanship are the best. It is highly polished and of great artistic beauty. The price is low.

[illegible] for Plow, or send for circular before buying an inferior article.

DODGE & BARCLAY

Sole Manufacturers.

Office—112 Main street, Louisville, Ky. [illegible]

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE. JAS. T. BRAMLETTE

BRAMLETTE & SON

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

OFFICE, NO. 160 JEFFERSON ST

[illegible] South Side, bet. Fourth and Fifth.

PIANOS!

J. HINZEN. G. ROSEN.

HINZEN & ROSEN,

PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS

Market st., north side, bet. Sixth and Seventh,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

An assortment of good second-hand pianos for sale or rent very cheap. [illegible] [illegible] rent of new pianos [illegible] purchase.

COAL RIVER

Potona Cannel Coal

WE are now prepared to furnish at our landing, or delivered in the city, the celebrated Coal River Potona Cannel Coal, for [illegible]. Also, the best Pittsburg, Pomeroy and Pittsburg nut coals at the following prices:

		Deliv'red.
Potona Cannel Coal per bush. at landing	18c	20c
Pittsburg lump	16c	18c
Pittsburg nut	14c	16c
Pomeroy	14c	16c

OLMSTEAD & O'CONNER'S OFFICES,

[illegible] Third street, near Market, and [illegible] [illegible]